Title of the Contribution:
Consensus and future directions on the definition of high on-treatment platelet reactivity to adenosine diphosphate.

Abstract:
The addition of clopidogrel to aspirin treatment reduces ischemic events in a wide range of patients with cardiovascular disease. However, recurrent ischemic event occurrence during dual antiplatelet therapy, including stent thrombosis, remains a major concern. Platelet function measurements during clopidogrel treatment demonstrated a variable and overall modest level of P2Y(12) inhibition. High on-treatment platelet reactivity to adenosine diphosphate (ADP) was observed in selected patients. Multiple studies have now demonstrated a clear association between high on-treatment platelet reactivity to ADP measured by multiple methods and adverse clinical event occurrence. However, the routine measurement of platelet reactivity has not been widely implemented and recommended in the guidelines. Reasons for the latter include: 1) a lack of consensus on the optimal method to quantify high on-treatment platelet reactivity and the cutoff value associated with clinical risk; and 2) limited data to support that alteration of therapy based on platelet function measurements actually improves outcomes. This review provides a consensus opinion on the
definition of high on-treatment platelet reactivity to ADP based on various methods reported in the literature and proposes how this measurement may be used in the future care of patients.

Zeitschriftentitel / Abkürzung:
J Am Coll Cardiol

Jahr:
2010

Band:
56

Heft / Issue:
12

Seiten:
919-33

Sprache:
eng

Pubmed:

Print-ISSN:
0735-1097

TUM Einrichtung:
I. Medizinische Klinik und Poliklinik

Occurences:
· Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > I. Medizinische Klinik und Poliklinik (Kardiologie) > 2010

entries: