CHARACTERISTICS OF OLIGOSYMPTOMATIC VERSUS POLYSYMPTOMATIC PRESENTATIONS OF SOMATOFORM DISORDERS IN PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED ALLERGIES.

OBJECTIVE: Psychobehavioral characteristics of patients with somatoform disorders (SFDs), are increasingly discussed as possible positive criteria for this diagnostic group. However, little is known about psychobehavioral differences, or similarities, between the different SFD presentations, i.e., polysymptomatic [multisomatoform/somatization disorders (MSD)] versus mono- or oligosymptomatic courses [pain disorder (PD), undifferentiated somatoform disorder (USD)].

METHODS: This is a cross-sectional study including 268 consecutive allergology inpatients. After an Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV, patients completed several self-rating questionnaires. Results were compared within the different SFD presentations as well as between patients with versus without SFDs.

RESULTS: We identified 72 patients with an SFD. There were fewer and smaller psychobehavioral differences within patients with the different SFD presentations (MSD, USDs, PDs) than between patients with undifferentiated versus no SFD. Patients with one of the three different SFD subdiagnoses scored similarly on many measures referring to psychosocial distress (e.g., psychological distress, mental health-related quality of life, dissatisfaction with care). The number of reported symptoms, somatic
symptom severity, a self-concept of bodily weakness, the degree of disease conviction, and physical health-related quality of life discriminated the different SFD presentations not only from patients without SFDs but also from each other. CONCLUSIONS: Patients diagnosed with one of the different SFD subtypes share many psychobehavioral characteristics, mostly regarding the reporting of psychosocial distress. Perceived somatic symptom severity and physical impairment as indicators of bodily distress could either further define categorical subdivisions of SFD or dimensionally graduate one general SFD category defined by bothering bodily symptoms and disproportionate psychosocial distress.

Zeitschriftentitel / Abkürzung: J Psychosom Res

Jahr: 2010

Band: 69

Heft / Issue: 3

Seiten: 259-66

Sprache: eng


Print-ISSN: 0022-3999

TUM Einrichtung:
- Psychosomatische Medizin und Psychotherapie; Psychiatrie und Psychotherapie; Dermatologie und Allergologie; Toxikologische Abteilung; Molekulare Allergologie und Umweltforschung

Occurences:
- Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > Klinik und Poliklinik für Psychosomatische Medizin und Psychotherapie > 2010
- Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > II. Medizinische Klinik und Poliklinik (Gastroenterologie) > 2. Medizinische Klinik Toxikologische Abteilung (alt) (Prof. Zilker) > 2010
- Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > Klinik und Poliklinik für Psychiatrie und Psychotherapie > 2010
- Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > Klinik und Poliklinik für Dermatologie und Allergologie > 2010
- Einrichtungen > Fakultäten > Fakultät für Medizin > Kliniken und Institute > Molekulare Allergologie > Molekulare Allergologie (Prof. Schmidt-Weber) > 2010