

Session 2:

Application of Coastal Altimetry Data

The New Generation of High-Resolution X-TRACK/ALES Regional Altimeter Product And the Coastal Application Associated

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COP







The goal is to take advantage of the large progress that has been made in coastal altimetry during the past decade to obtain more accurate data closer to the coast

- Part of the ESA's climate change initiative sea-level projetcs (bridging phase in 2018-2019 and CCI extension in 2019-2022)
- Combines :
 - Better spatial resolution, **20 Hz** (~350m)
 - Benefit of ALES retracker
 - Benefit of X-TRACK post-processing strategy
 - Best set of geophysical corrections

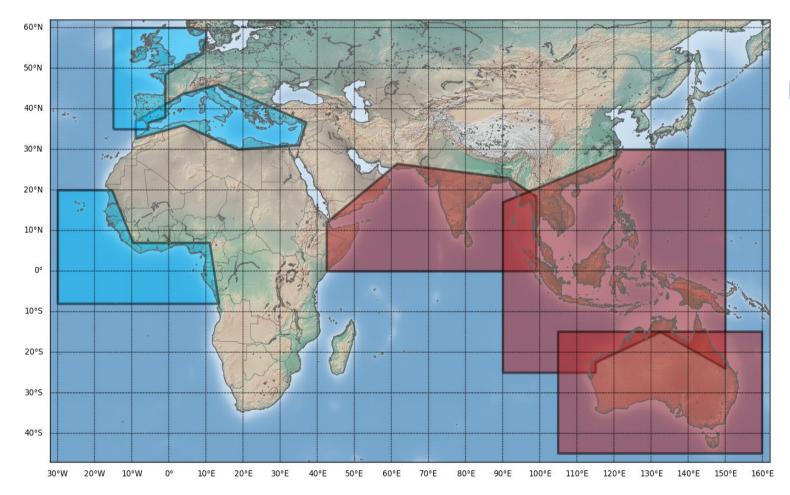








a L3 regional multi-mission product



[2018-2019] Bridging phase zones North East Atlantic Mediterranean Sea West African Coast

[2019-2022] CCI+ zones North East Atlantic Mediterranean Sea West African Coast North Indian Ocean China Sea South Australia

Map of the X-TRACK/ALES zones, bridging phase in blue and CCI+ in red.



Along-track SLA time series at 20-Hz for different missions:

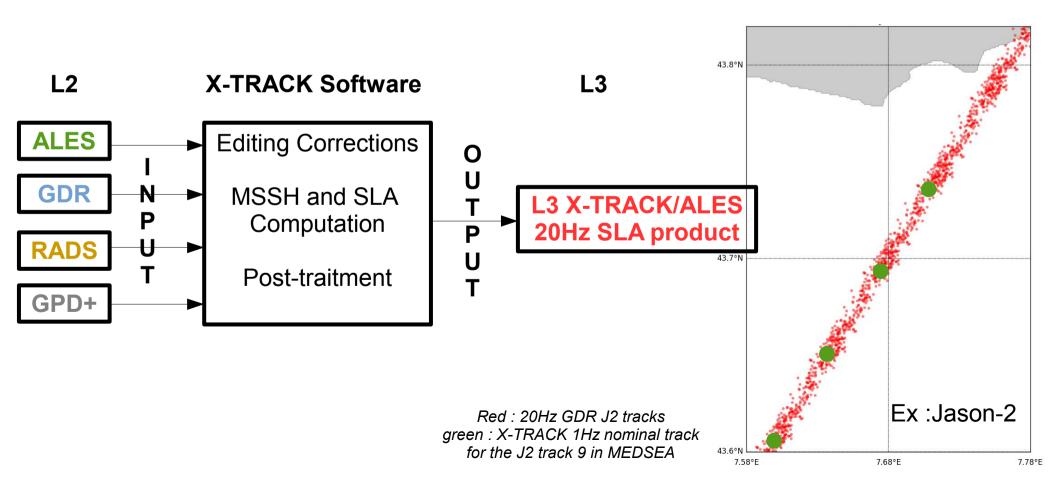
Envisat, Jason 1, Jason 2, Jason 3, Saral/Altika, Sentinel 3

	Bridging phase	CCI+ internal	CCI+ users
J1+J2	October 2019		
J1+J2+J3		January 2020	
Envisat		June 2020	
Saral/ALTIKA		June 2020	
Sentinel3		2021	

Table: Schedule of data availability



X-TRACK software reprocesses in delayed time corrections and parameters from the geophysical data records (GDR products) and combines them with the ALES data (range, sigma0 and sea state bias) to compute the SLA, after a robust editing of the measurements and corrections and the computation of a high rate MSSH along the altimeter tracks (by inversion of the corrected SSH data).





Corrections/param.	Source	
Range/sigma0	ALES (Passaro et al., 2014)	
lonosphere	Dual-frequency altimeter range measurements filtered by X-TRACK	
Dry Troposphere	ECMWF model	
Wet Troposphere	GPD+ (Fernandes and Lazaro, 2016)	
Sea State Bias	SSB ALES	
Solid Tides	Tide potential model (Cartwright and Taylor, 1971, Cartwright and Eden, 1973)	
Pole Tides	Wahr, 1985	
Loading Effect	FES 2014 (Carrere et al., 2012)	
Atmospheric Correction	MOG2D dynamic atmospheric corr., includes the ocean dynamic response to wind and pressure forcing (Carrere and Lyard, 2013)	
Ocean Tide	FES 2014 (Carrere et al., 2012)	

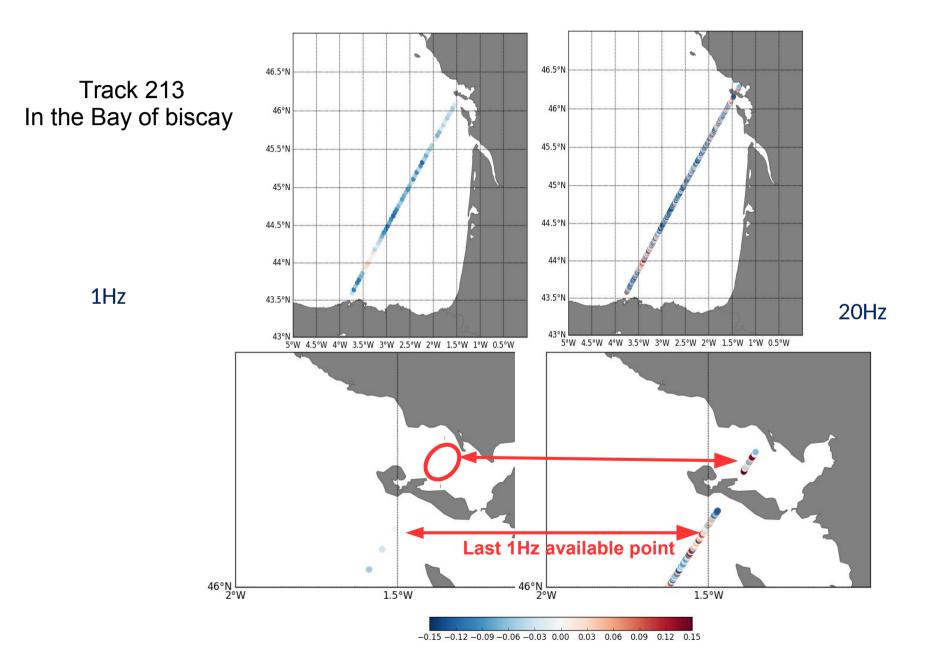


3 dataset created to answer this question

Dataset	Resolution	Retracker
X-TRACK LR	1 Hz	MLE4
X-TRACK HR	20 Hz	MLE4
X-TRACK/ALES	20 Hz	ALES

- X-TRACK LR and X-TRACK HR => impact of the increase in resolution
- X-TRACK HR and X-TRACK/ALES => impact of specific retracker

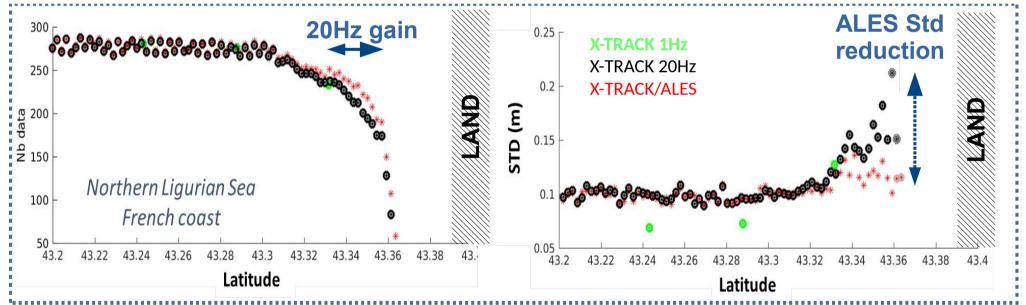






Compared to X-TRACK 20Hz based on the MLE4 retracker, X-TRACK/ALES product shows a more coherent and realistic variability in coastal SLA.



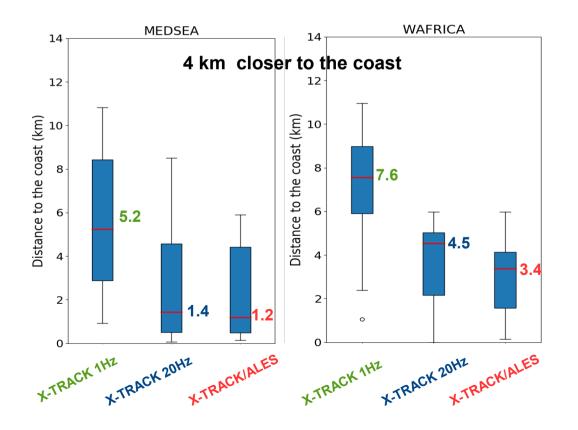


Nbr of cycles available (left) and SLA std (right) for J2 track 222 in the Mediterranean Sea

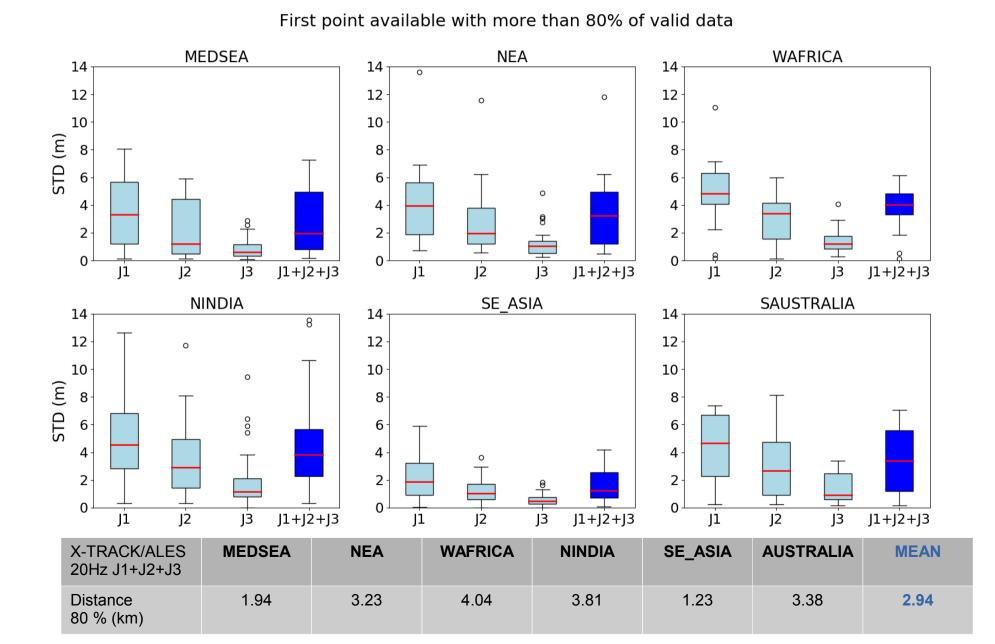


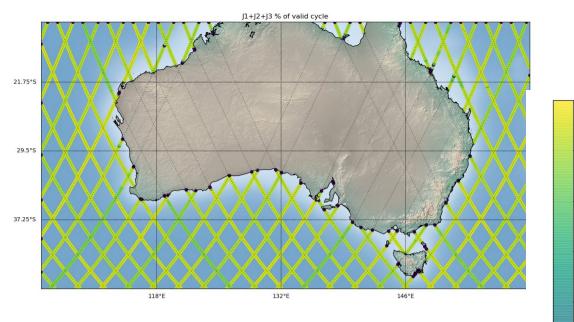
The new version of X-TRACK SLA multi-mission product at 20Hz, based on ALES retracker :

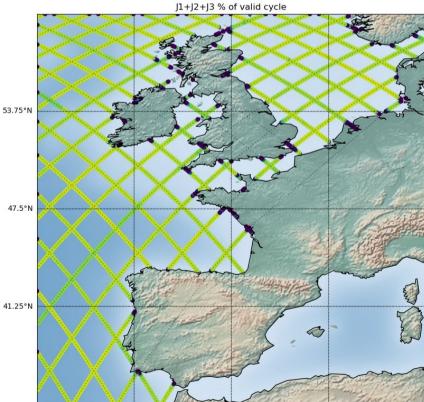
• Extends significantly the number of valid SLA computation several kilometers shoreward along the ground track.







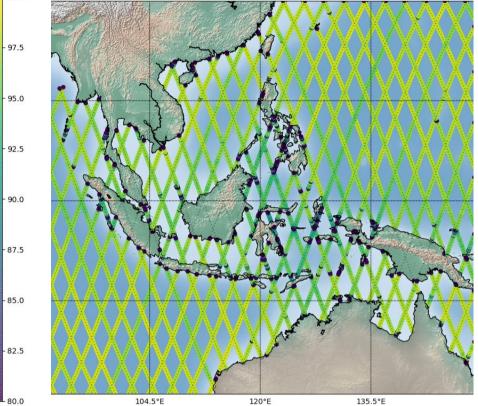




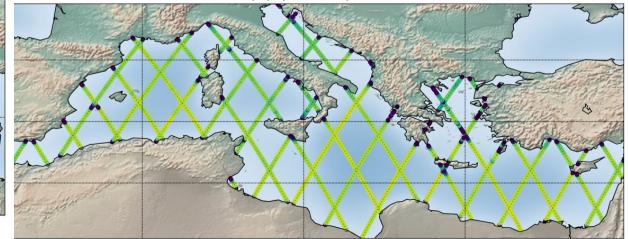
8.75°W 2.5°W 3.75°E

% Valid data





J1+J2+J3 % of valid cycle



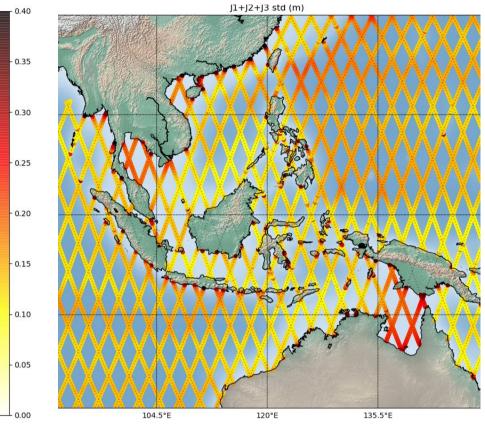
15°E

4.5°E

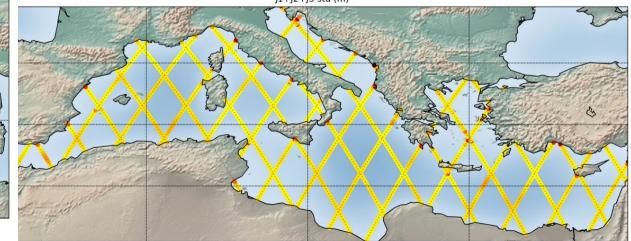
25.5°E



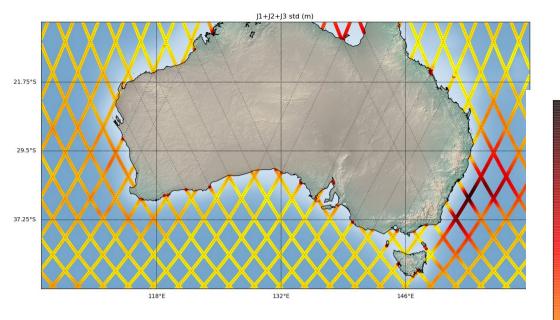
VALIDATION



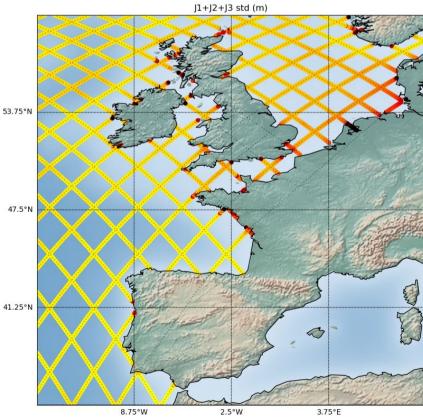
J1+J2+J3 std (m)



15°E



std



4.5°E

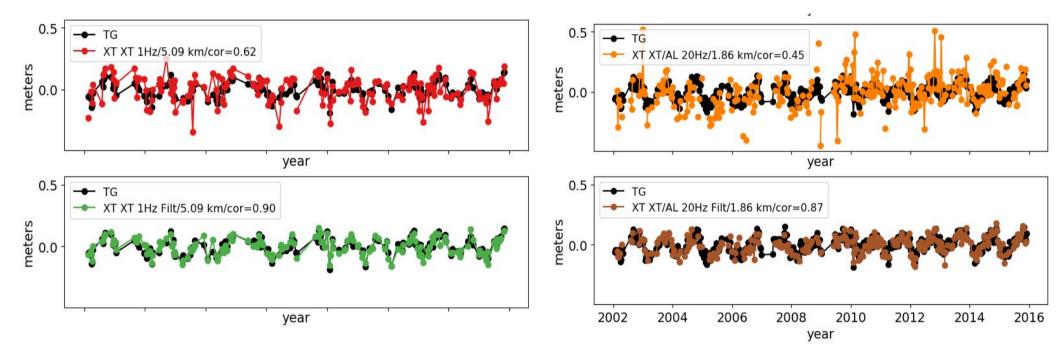
25.5°E



VALIDATION

X-TRACK 1 Hz

X-TRACK/ALES 20 Hz

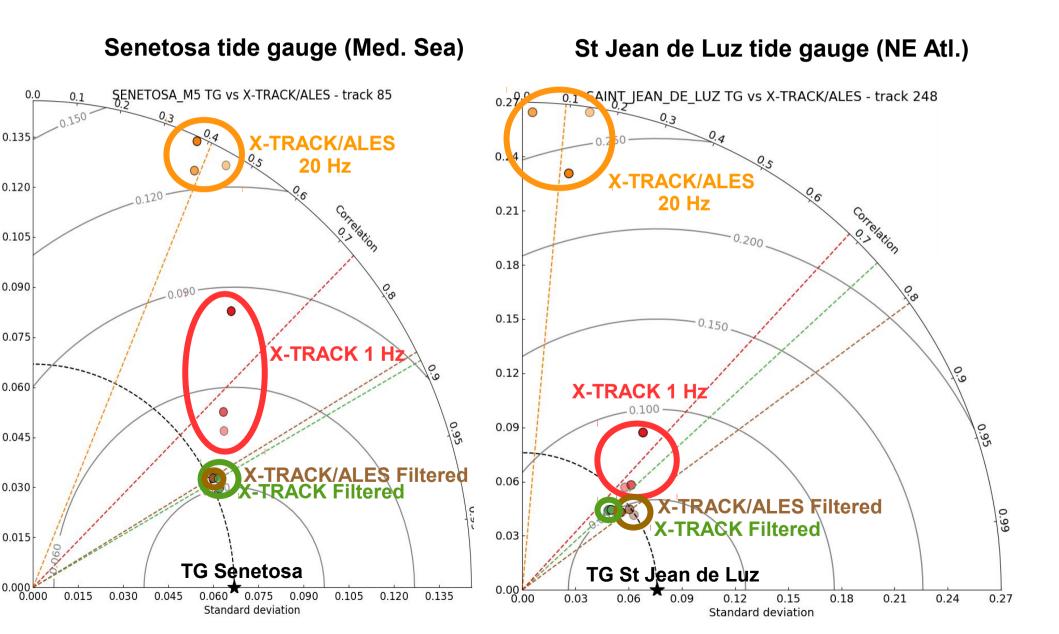


20 hz data:

- Is more noisy
- But gives available data closer to the coast/TG
- Once correctly spatially filtered, similar behavior and results to 1-Hz



VALIDATION

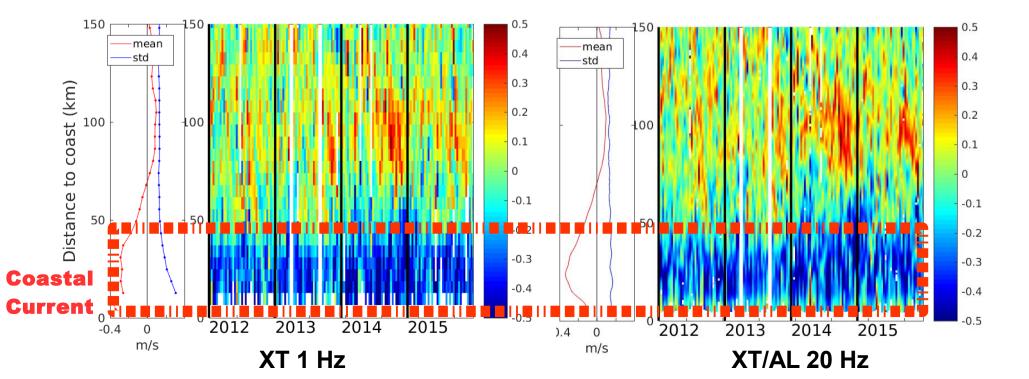




Example of application

Coastal current variability :

This dataset can be used to compute geostrophic currents in the NW Mediterranean Sea. The signature of the variability of the Northern Current (Mediterranean Sea) is well captured, and allows to better characterize the evolution of the coastal current very close to the coast compared to the conventional 1 Hz SLA product.





Example of application



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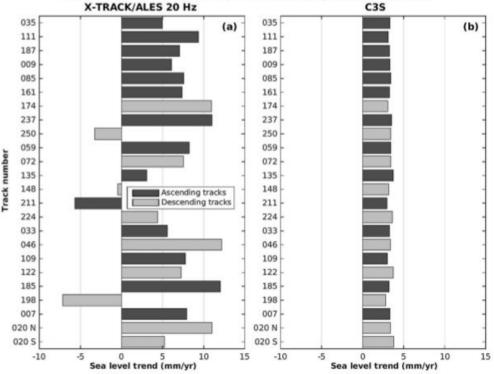
Altimetry-based sea level trends along the coasts of Western Africa

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Sea level trend at the closest point to coast (July 2002 - June 2016)

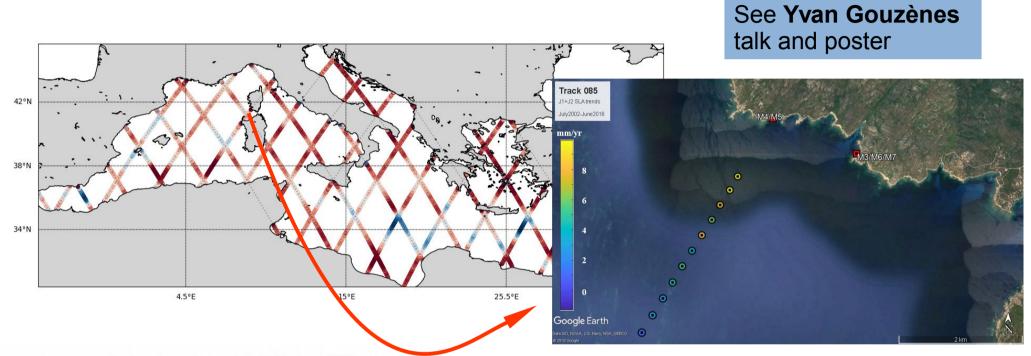


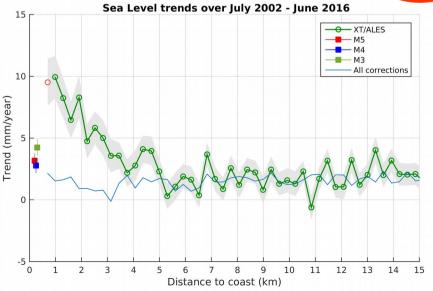
Point #4 14.610-17.41W - distance to coast GSHHS: 2.45 km - 92% 1.0 mm/yr +/- 2.1 mm/yr 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2006 2004 0.5 avel 7.7 mm/yr +/- 1.6 mm/yr 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 6 14.0'N-17.4'W - dista - 5.4 mm/yr +/- 1.6 mm/yr 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018

Long-term coastal sea level changes: Estimate the long-term evolution of sea level as close to the shoreline as possible.



Example of application





Long-term coastal sea level changes: Understand the principal factors that are at the origin of the long-term evolution of sea level close to the shoreline.



Conclusion

- Once correctly, **retracked**, **edited**, **corrected** and **spatially filtered**, 20 Hz data gives similar statistics to X-TRACK 1 Hz data, providing even more information on coastal sea level data
 - > 4km closer to the coast (compare to 1 Hz)
 - > The closest data is on average at 3 km from the coast
 - > 1 km in the best case!
- Allows scientific application as coastal current variability and long-term coastal sea level changes

To get the data



http://www.esa-sealevel-cci.org/



Write an email at info-sealevel@esa-sealevel-cci.org

Next

X-TRACK/ALES product will be available for Saral/ALTIKA and ENVISAT mission this year.