

DIE
MITTELALTERLICHE HOLZARCHITEKTUR
IM
EHEMALIGEN NIEDERSACHSEN.

NACH ORIGINALAUFNAHMEN

BEARBEITET

von

B. LIEBOLD,
ARCHITEKT IN HOLZMINDEN.

ATLAS ENTHALTEND 144 TAFELN.

HALLE A. D. SAALE.
G. KNAPP'S VERLAGSBUCHHANDLUNG.

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur in Frankreich.

Wandflächenbehandlung.

Blatt I.

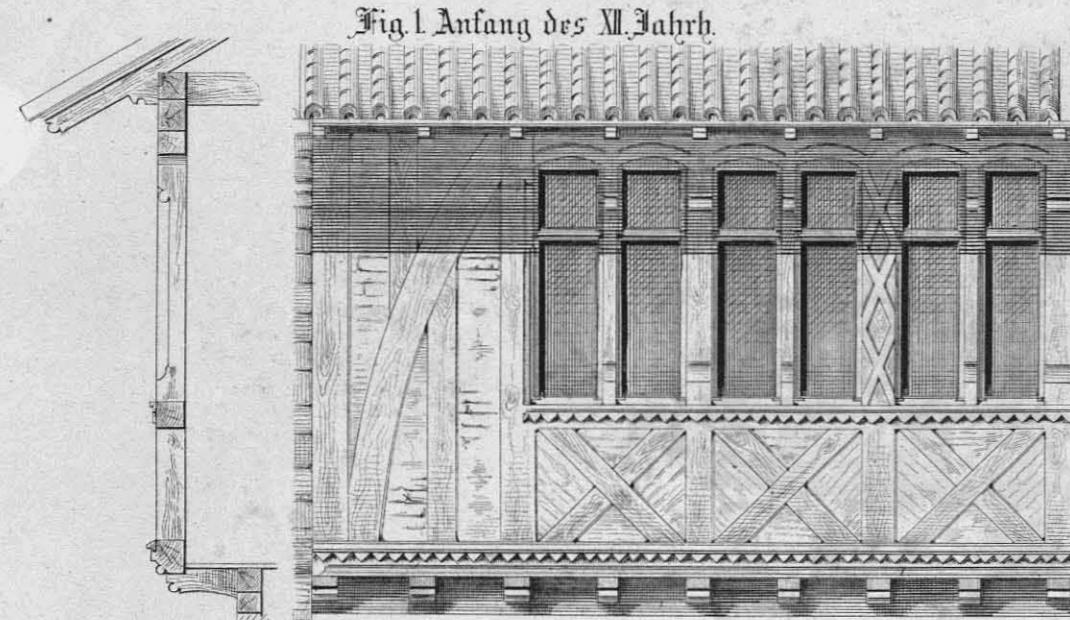


Fig. 1. Anfang des XII. Jahrh.

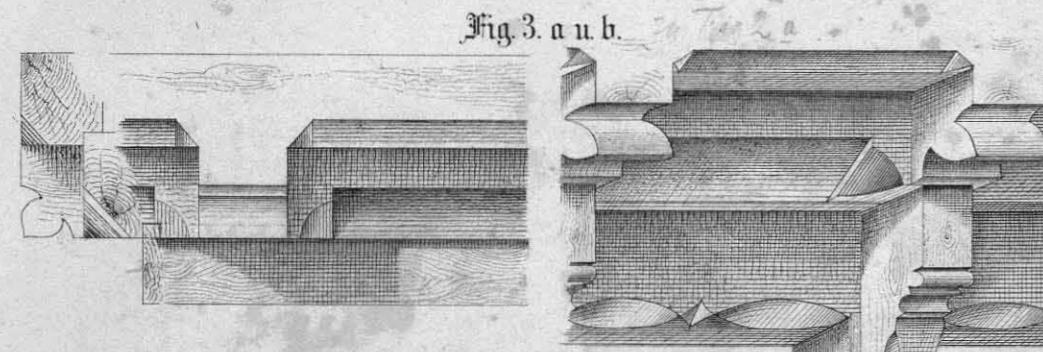


Fig. 3. a u. b.



Fig. 2. a Ende des XII. Jahrh. (Château d'Amboise)

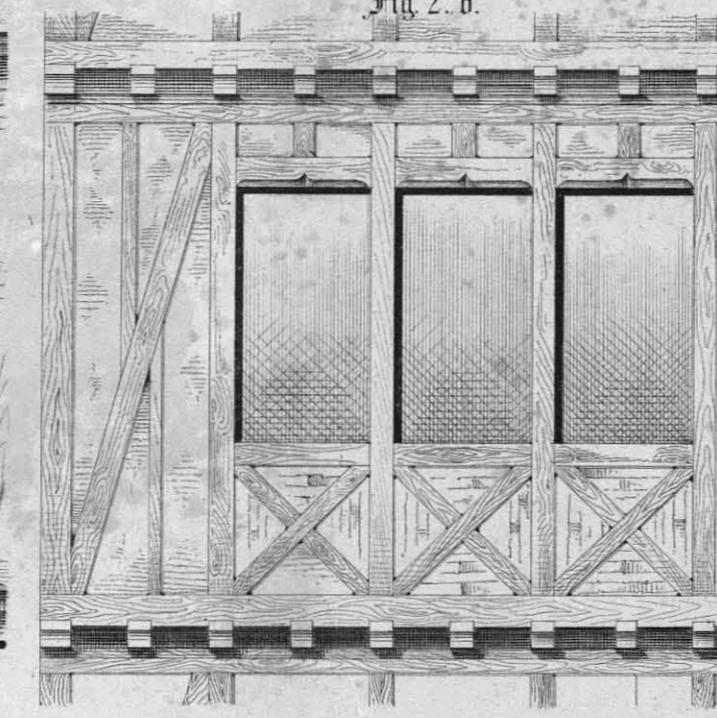


Fig. 2. b.

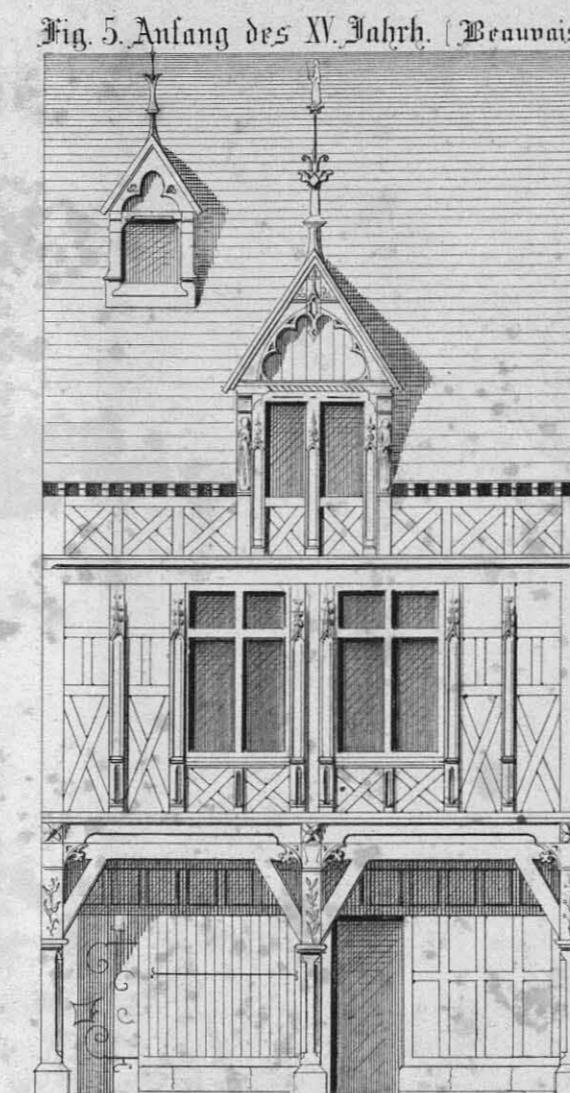


Fig. 5. Anfang des XV. Jahrh. (Beauvais).

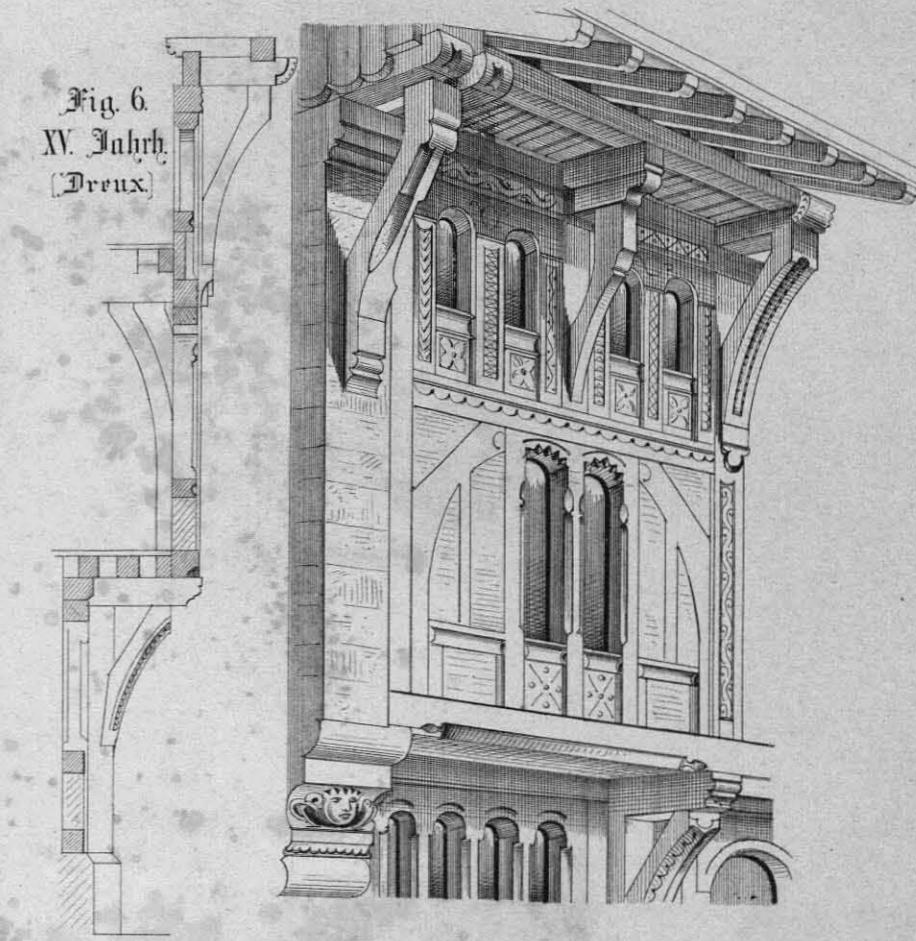


Fig. 6.
XV. Jahrh.
(Dreux.)

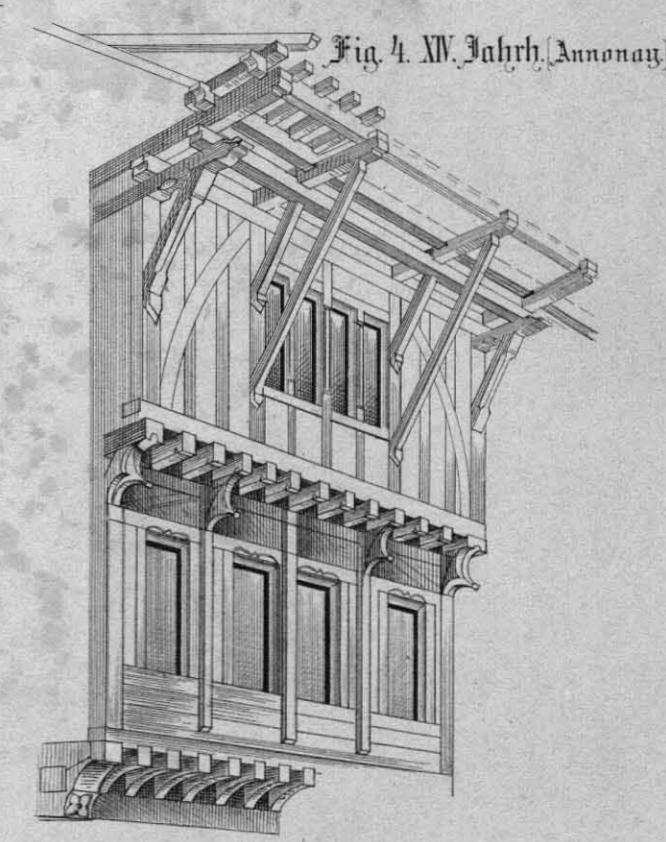


Fig. 4. XIV. Jahrh. (Amboise)

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen
Wandflächenbehandlung.

Blatt I.

Fig. 1. Ende des XV. Jahrh. Braunschweig [1470].

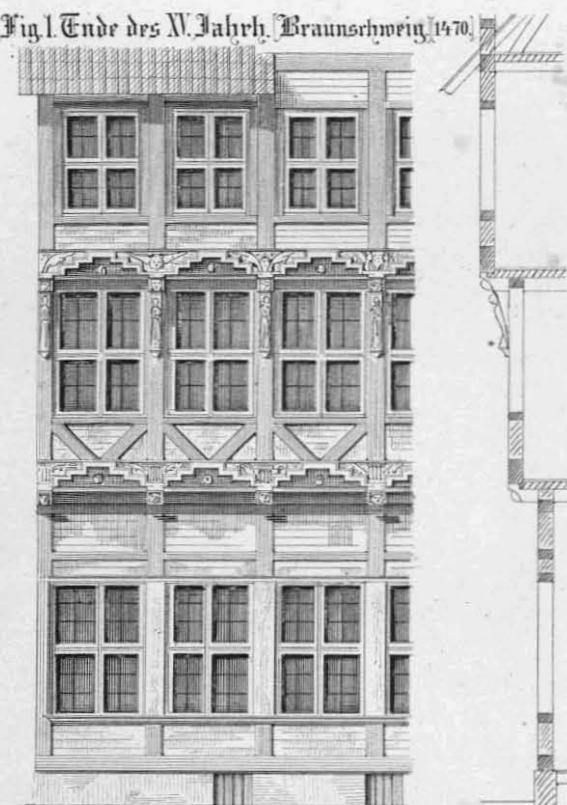


Fig. 2. Anfang des XVI. Jahrh. Braunschweig [1524].

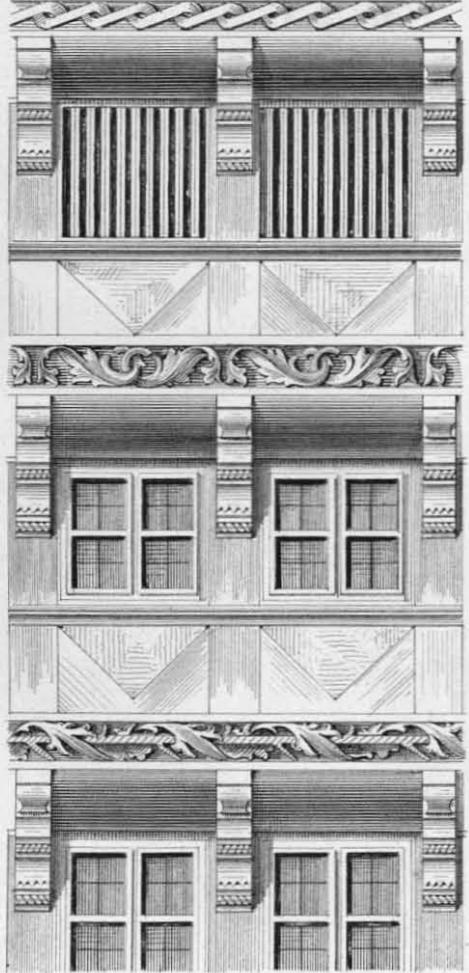


Fig. 3. Anfang des XVI. Jahrh. Braunschweig [1517].

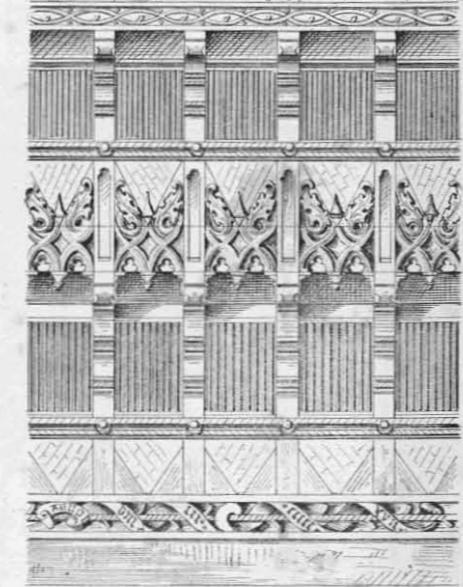


Fig. 5. Anfang des XVI. Jahrh. Braunschweig.



Fig. 7. Mitte bis Ende des XVI. Jahrh. Halberstadt.

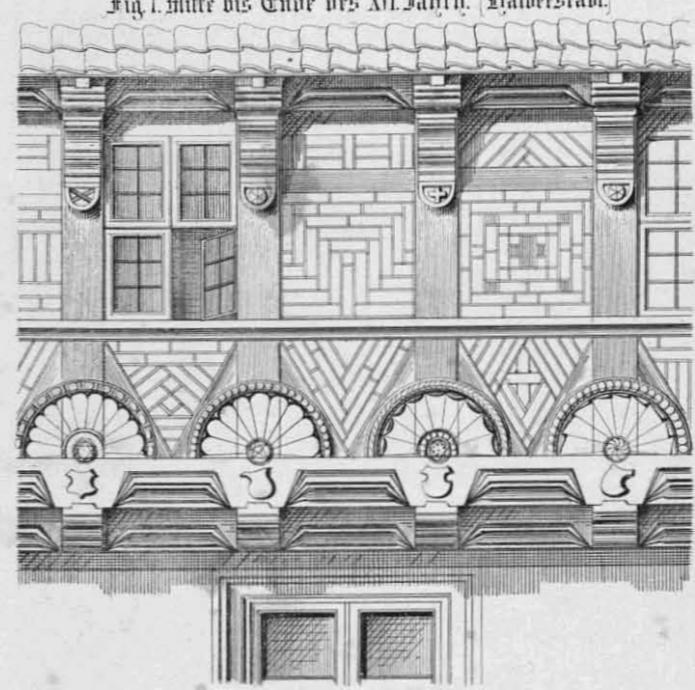


Fig. 4. Mitte des XVI. Jahrh. Braunschweig [1536].

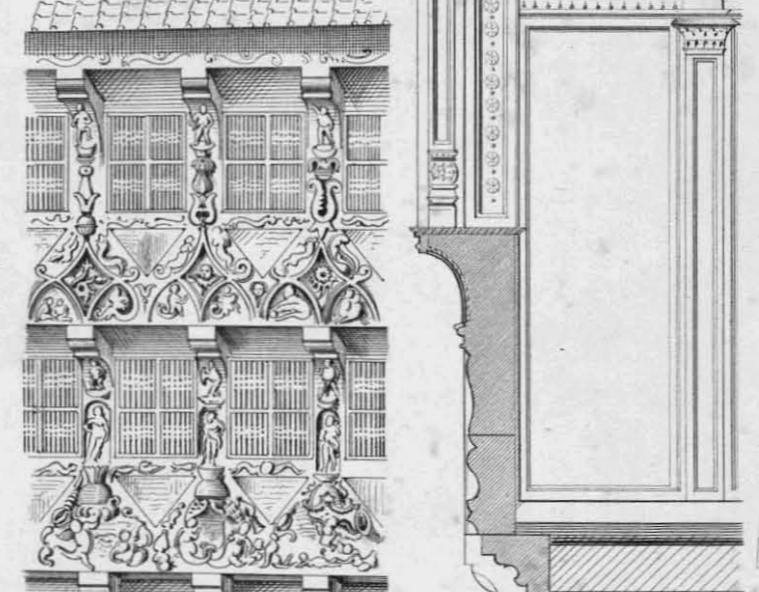


Fig. 8. Mitte bis Ende des XVI. Jahrh. Halberstadt.

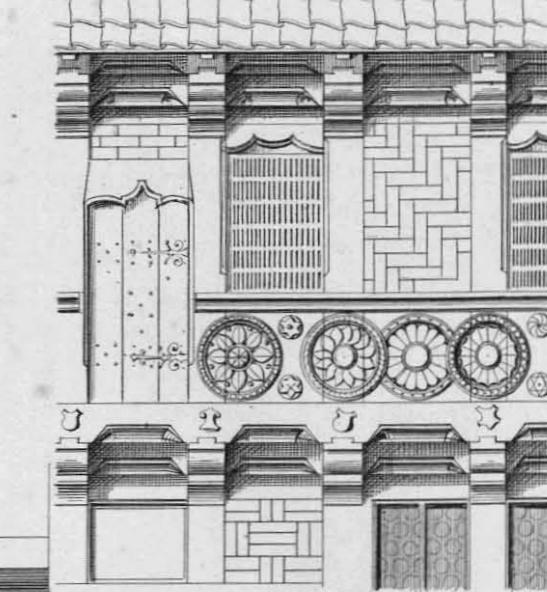


Fig. 6. Ende des XVI. Jahrh. Braunschweig [1580].

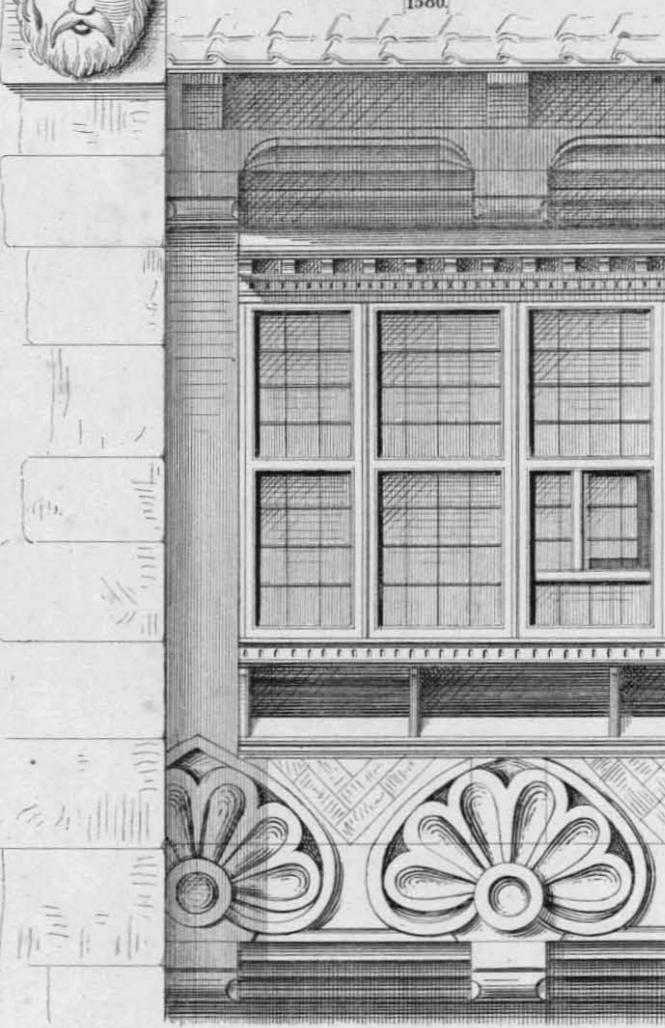


Fig. 1. Fachwerkhaus aus Braunschweig [1517]

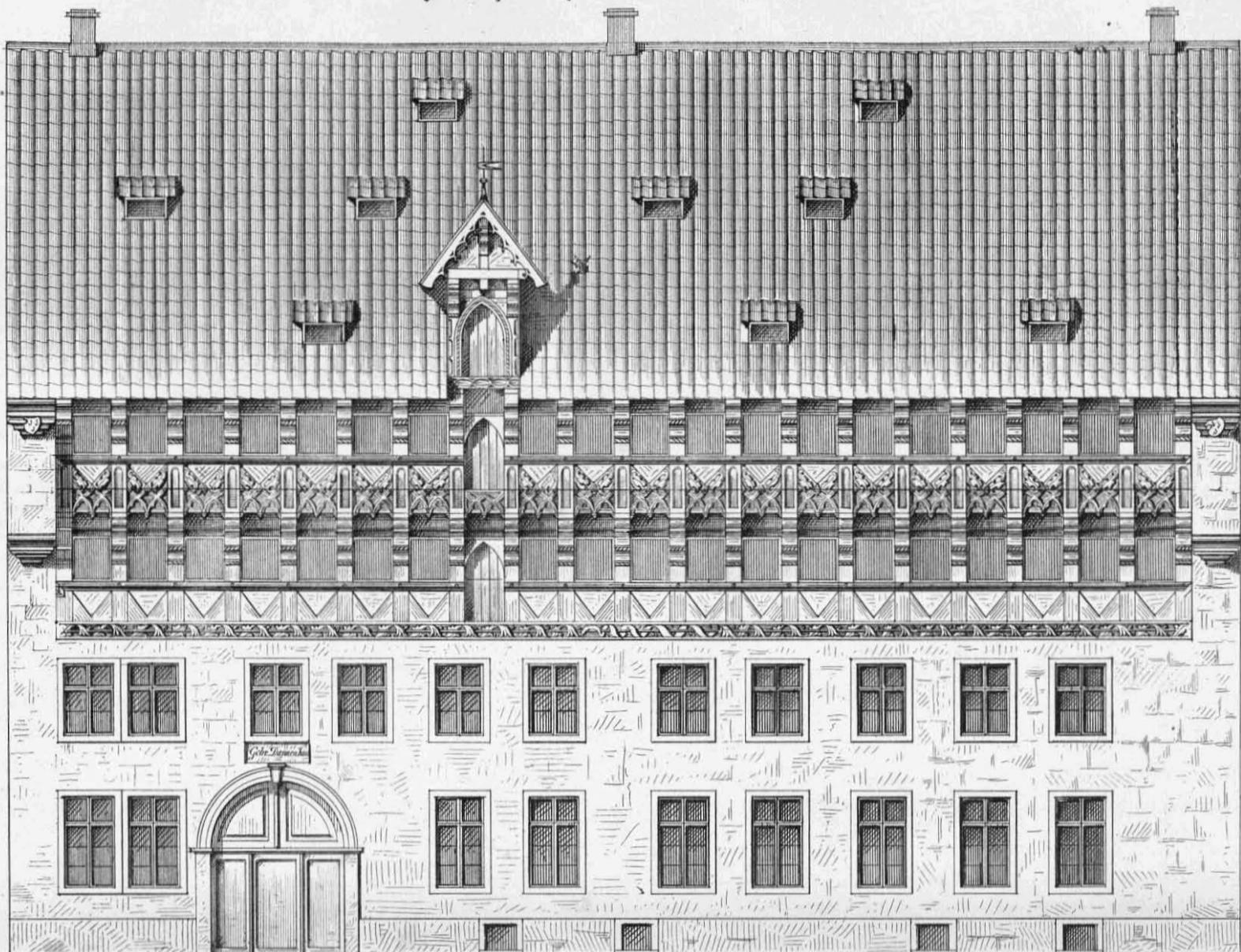


Fig. 2. Hof eines Brauhauses
in Braunschweig.
(ausg. von Prof. C. Ihde, Braunschweig.)

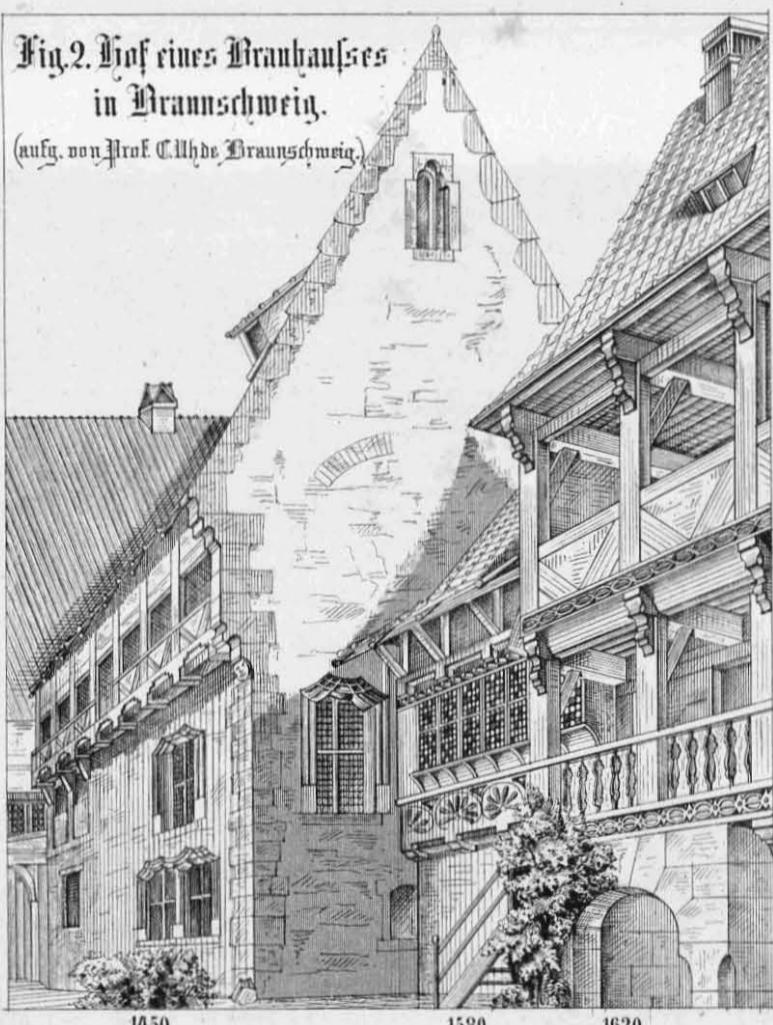


Fig. 3. Fachwerkhaus aus Halberstadt.
(Förster'sche Bauzeitung, Jahrg. 1845.)

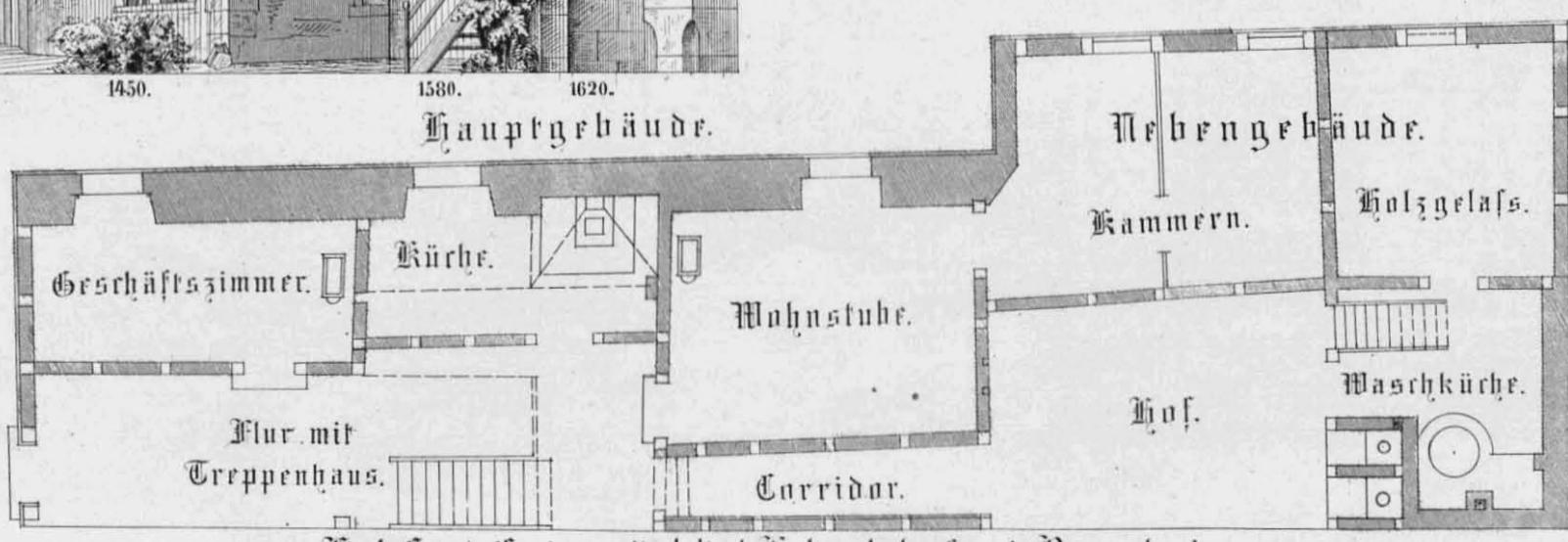
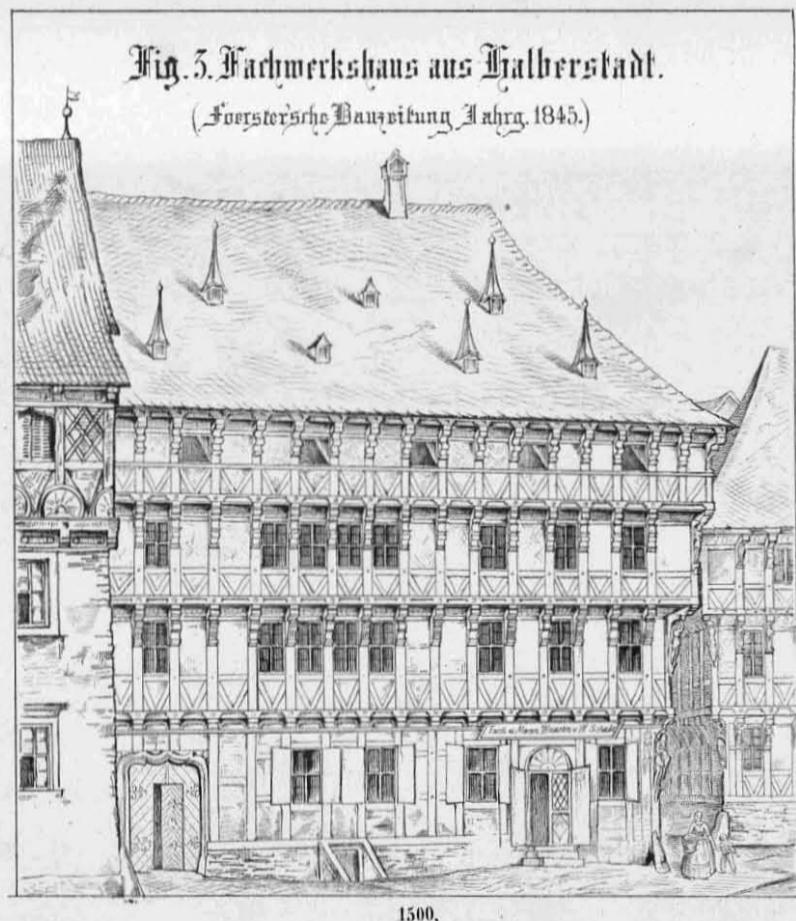


Fig. 4. Grundriss eines mittelalterl. Fachwerksbaus in Braunschweig.

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.
Wandflächenbehandlung.

Blatt. IV.

Fig. 1. Mitte bis Ende des XII. Jahrh. [Braunschweig]



Fig. 4. Ende des XII. Jahrh. [Höxter] [1587]

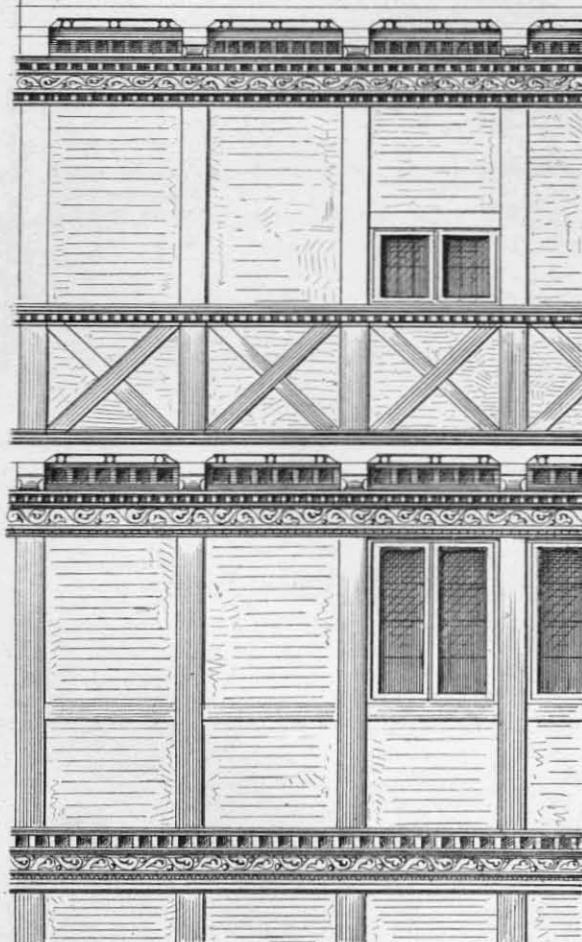


Fig. 2. Mitte des XII. Jahrh. [Höxter] [1642]

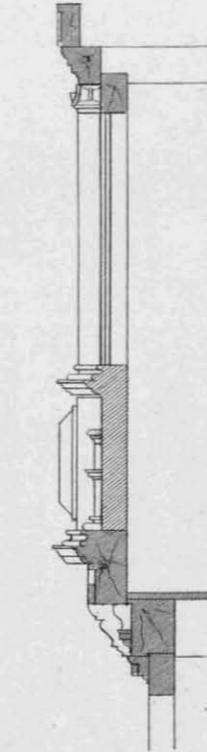


Fig. 3. Anfang des XII. Jahrh. [Halberstadt]

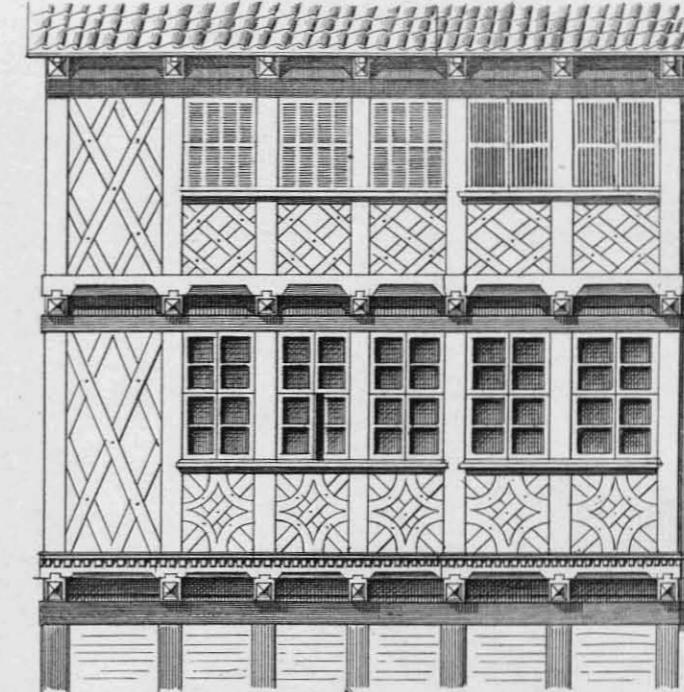
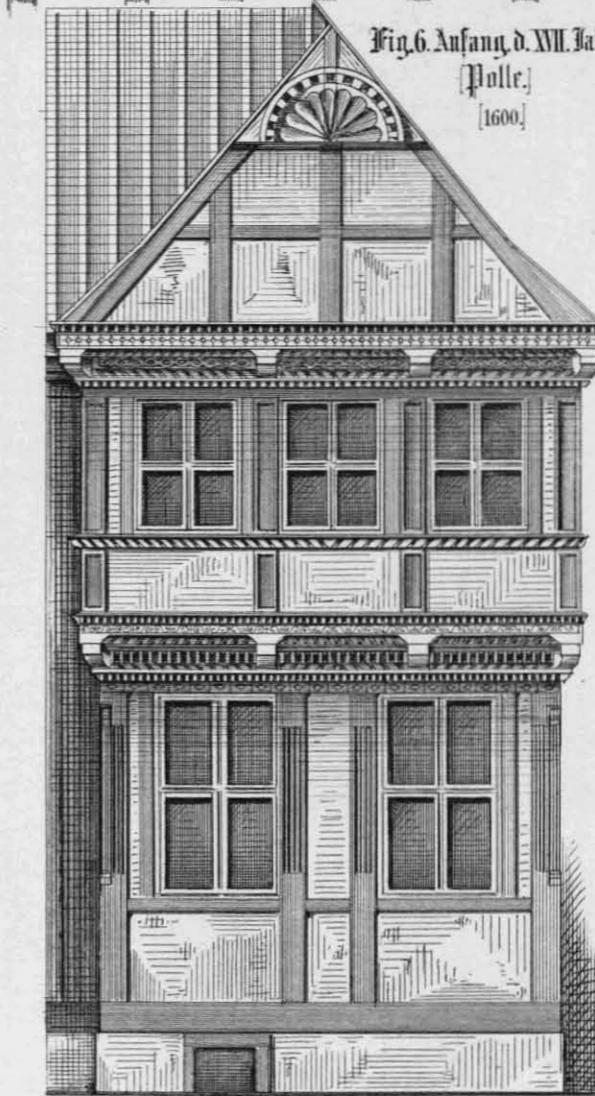


Fig. 6. Anfang d. XII. Jahrh. [Pölle] [1600]



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitektur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.
Wandflächenverhandlung.

Blatt V.

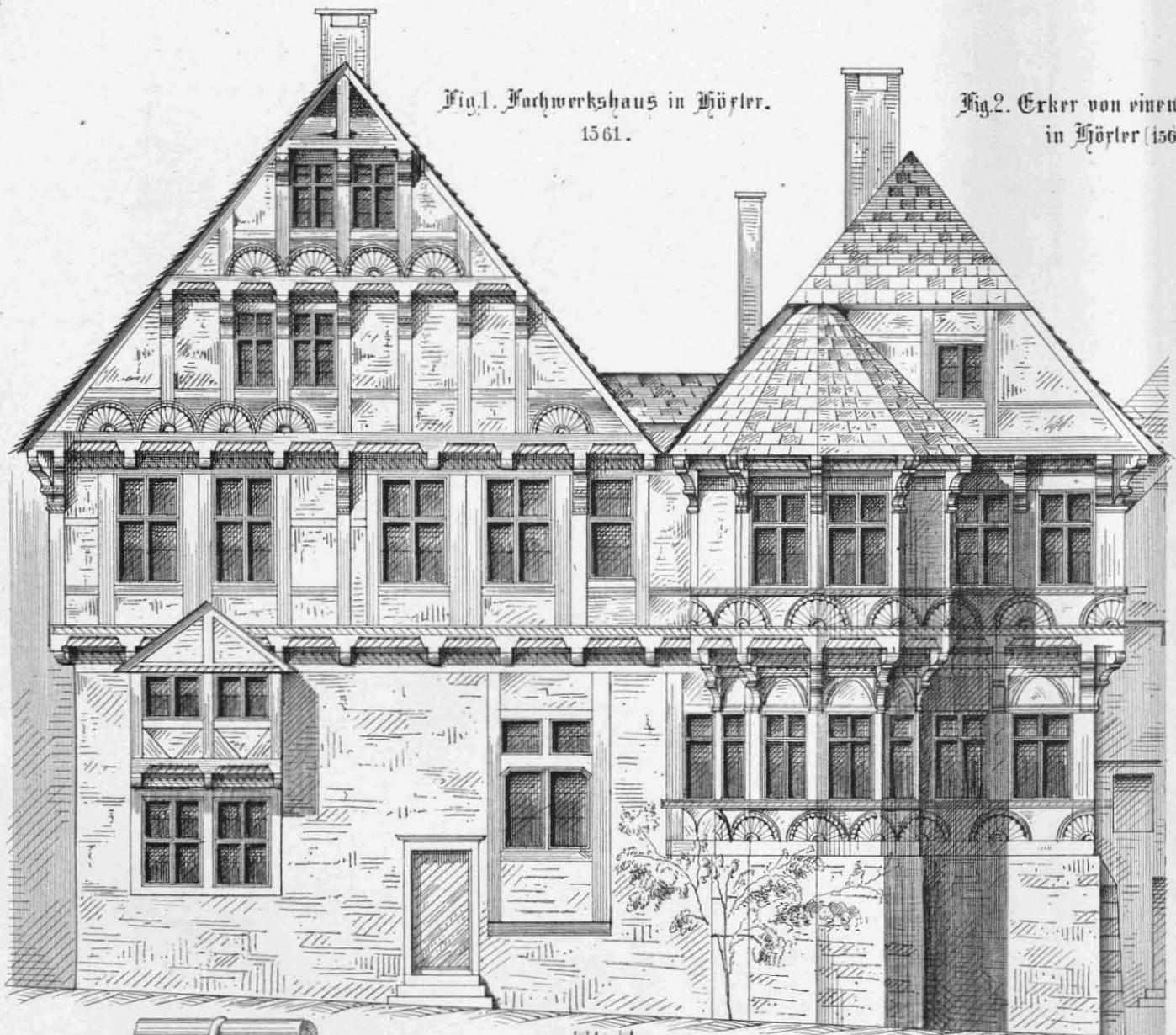


Fig. 1. Fachwerkhaus in Höxter.
1561.



Fig. 2. Erker von einem Holzhaus
in Höxter (1569).

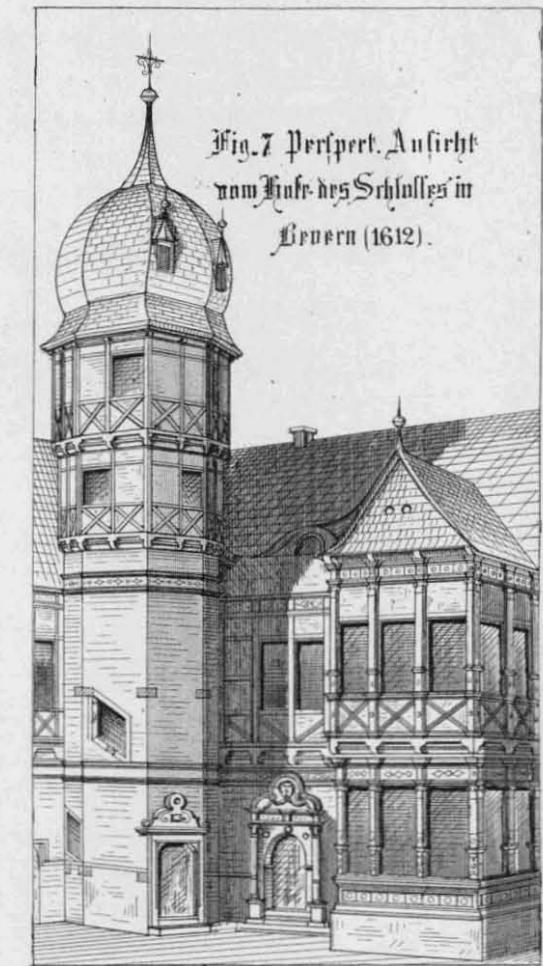


Fig. 7 Perspekt. Ansicht
vom Hofe des Schlosses in
Bevern (1612).

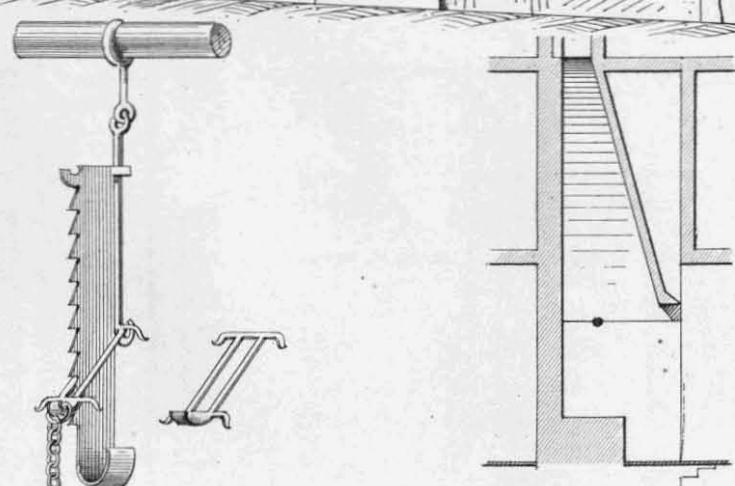


Fig. 6. Apparat zum Aufhängen der Kochgeschirre
über den Feuerherd in einem alten Holzhaus
in Höxter.

Fig. 5. Anordnung der Rauchrohre in einem
alten Fachwerkshaus in Höxter.

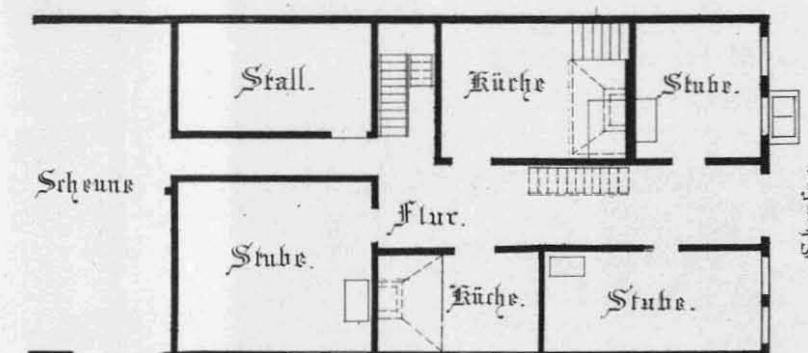


Fig. 4. Grundriss eines Fachwerkhauses in Höxter.

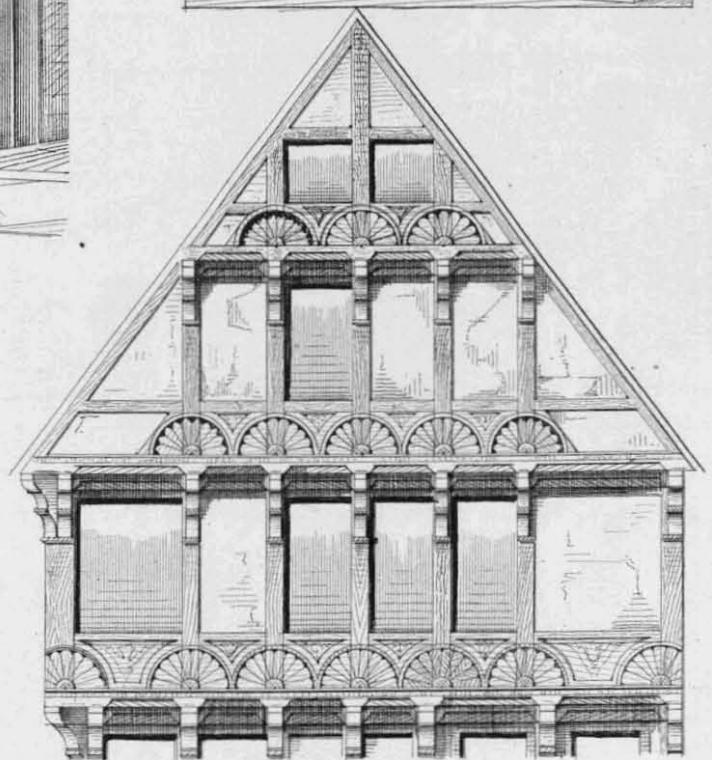


Fig. 3. Giebel eines Holzhauses in Höxter (1565).

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitektur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Tragengebälk aus der Mitte bis zum Ende des XV Jahrh.

Blatt VI.

Fig.1. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.

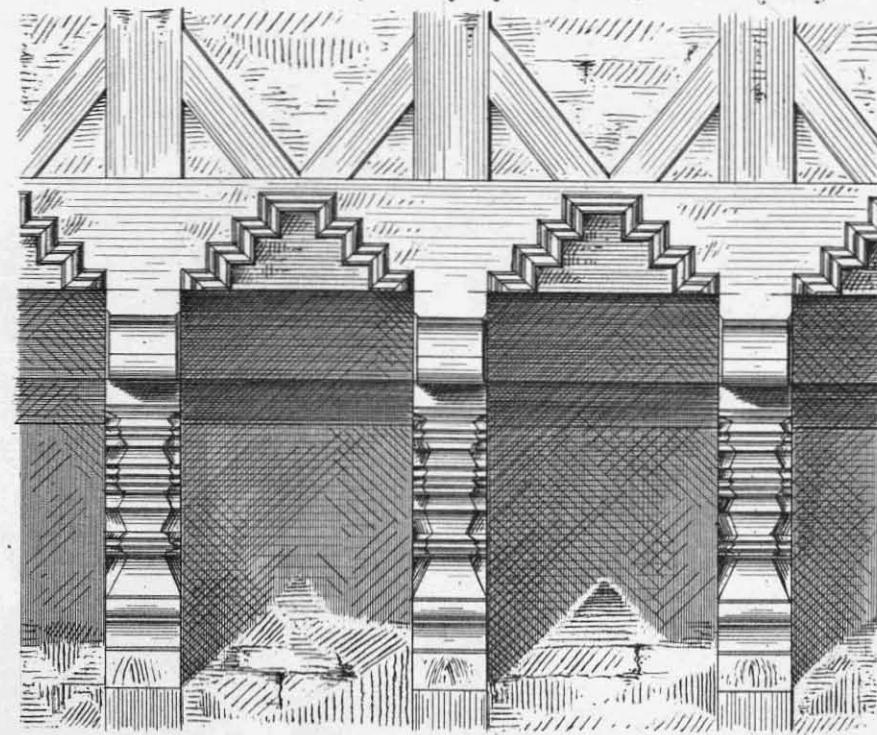


Fig.2. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.



Fig.3. Tragengebälk aus Halberstadt.

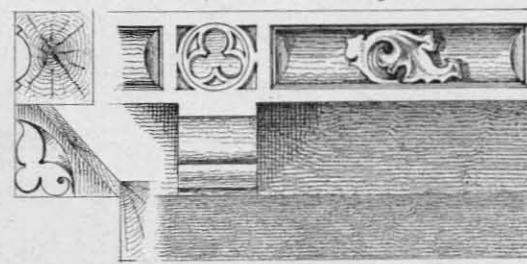


Fig.4. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.

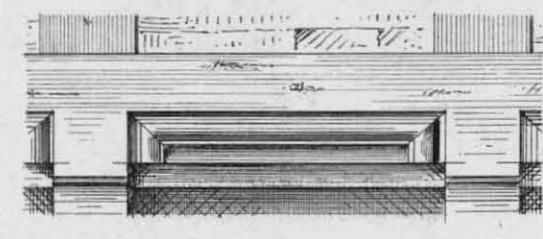


Fig.5. Tragengebälk aus Halberstadt.

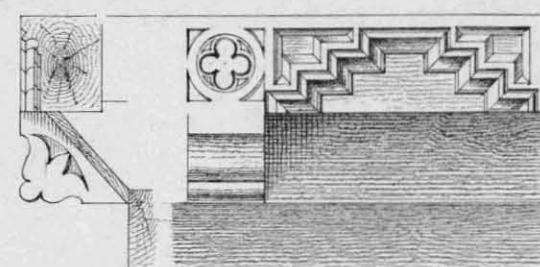


Fig.6.

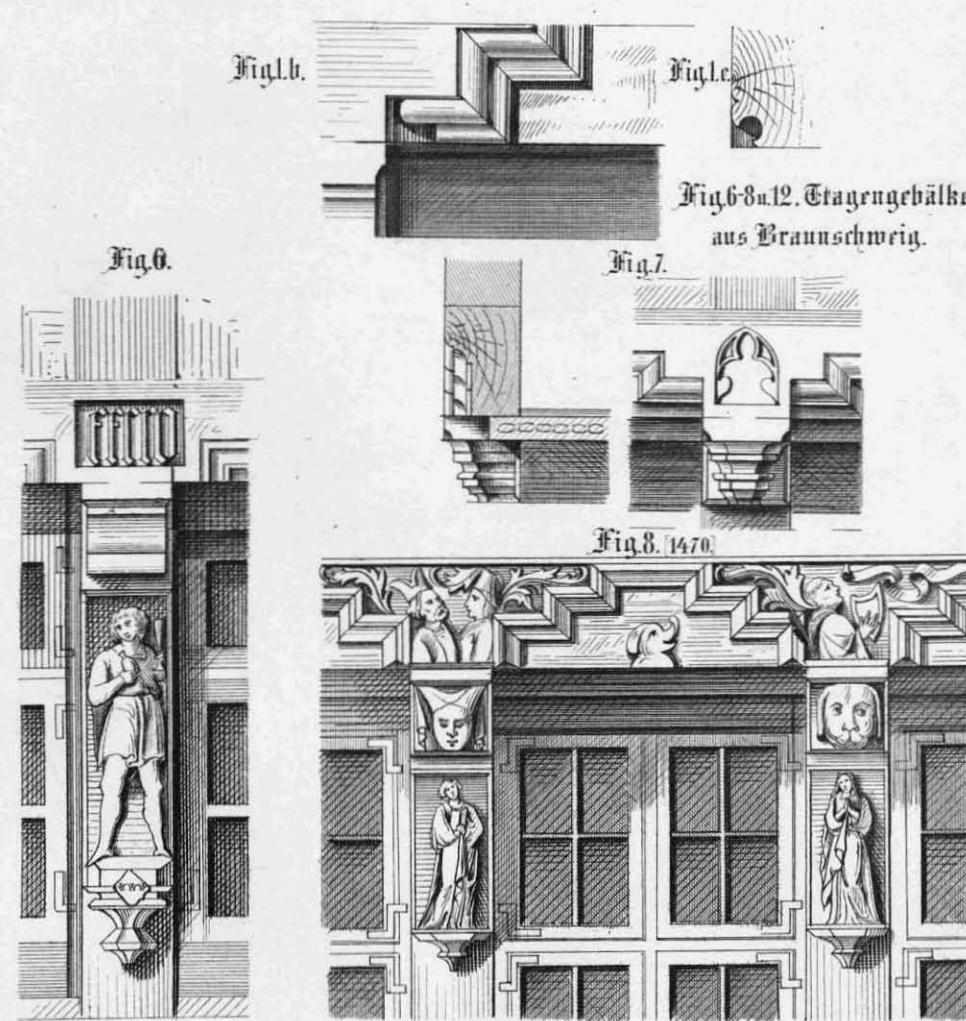


Fig.6-12. Tragengebälke aus Braunschweig.



Fig.9.

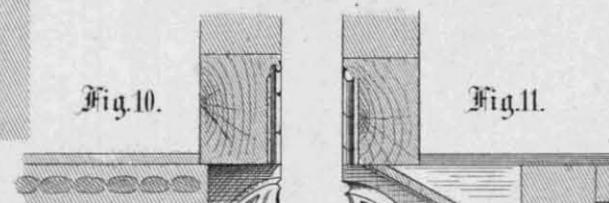


Fig.10.



Fig.11.

Fig.11. Knaggen aus Braunschweig.

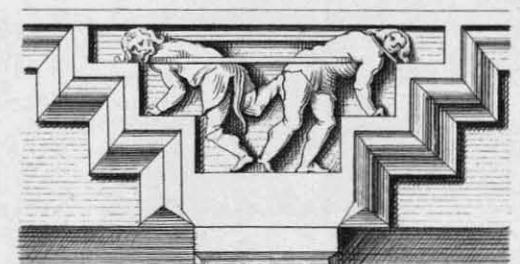
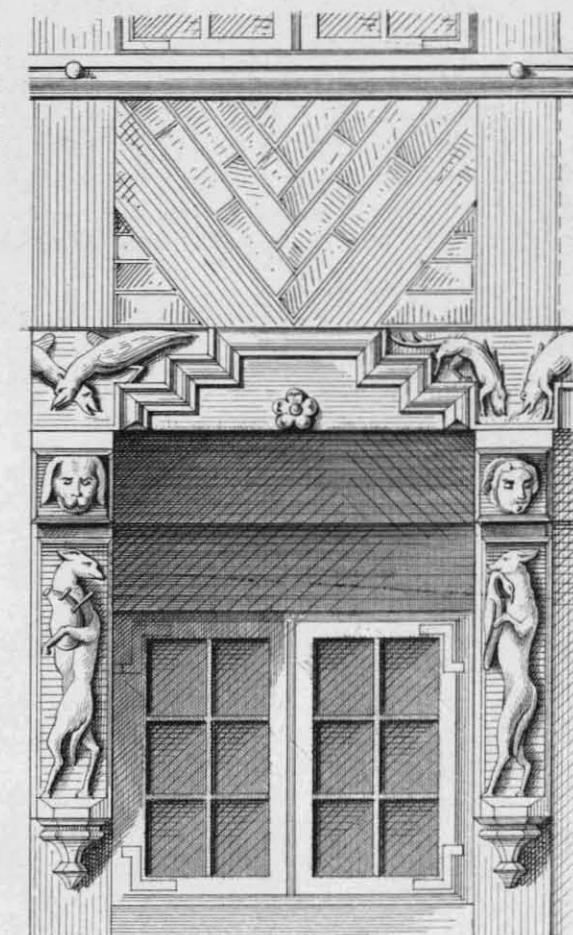


Fig.12. [1470]



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Etagengebälke aus dem Ende des XI. Jahrh.

Blatt VII.

Fig.1. Etagengebälk aus Magdeburg.

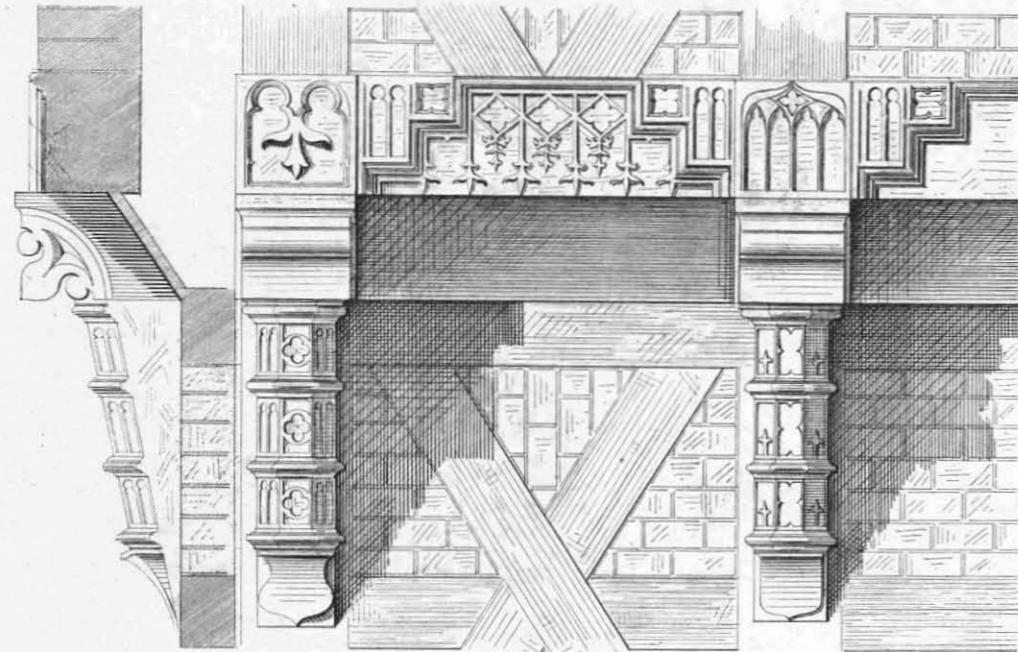


Fig.2. Etagengebälk aus Halberstadt.



Fig.3 Saumschwelle aus Halberstadt.



Fig.6. Etagengebälk aus Halberstadt.

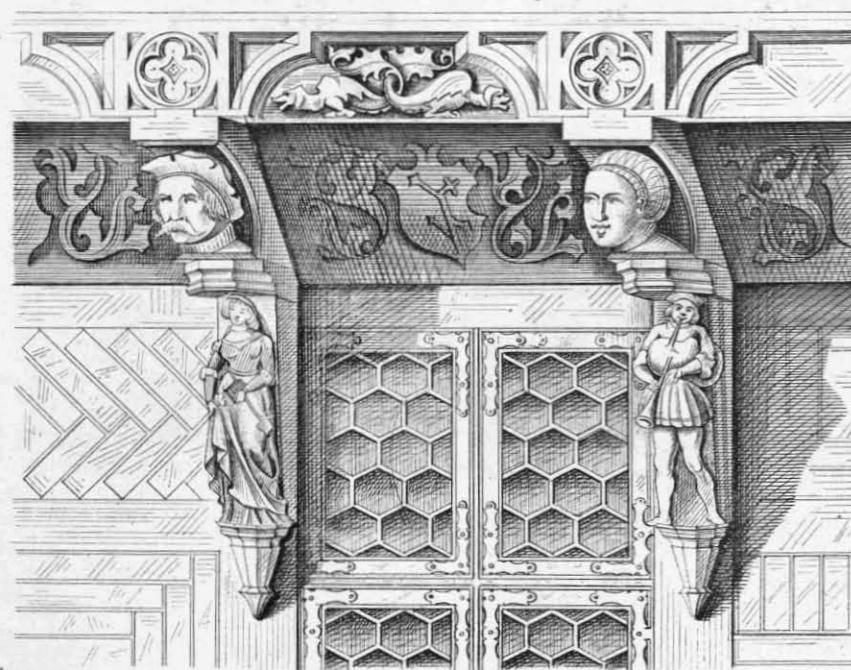


Fig.4. Füllbret aus Halberstadt.

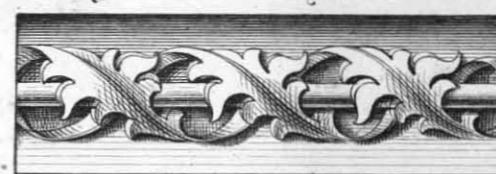


Fig.7 u. 8. Balkenköpfe aus Halberstadt.

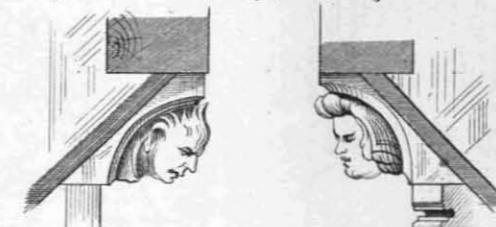


Fig.10 u. 12. Knaggen aus Münden.

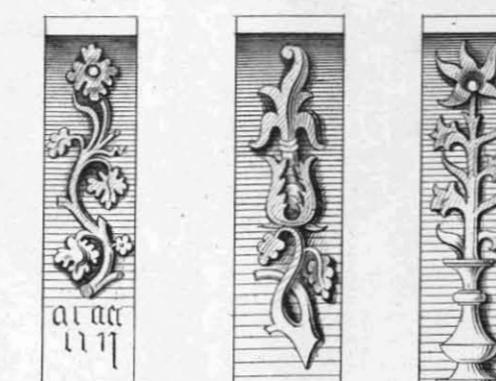


Fig.9. Knagge aus Münden. Fig.5. Saumschwelle u. Füllbret aus Paderborn.

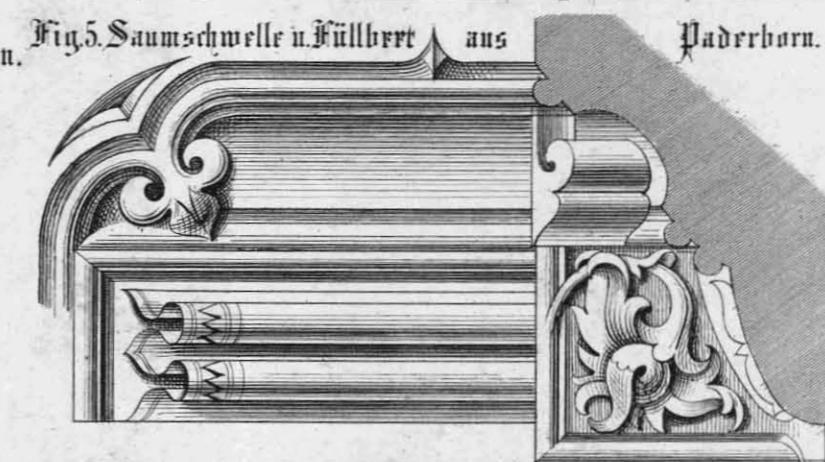
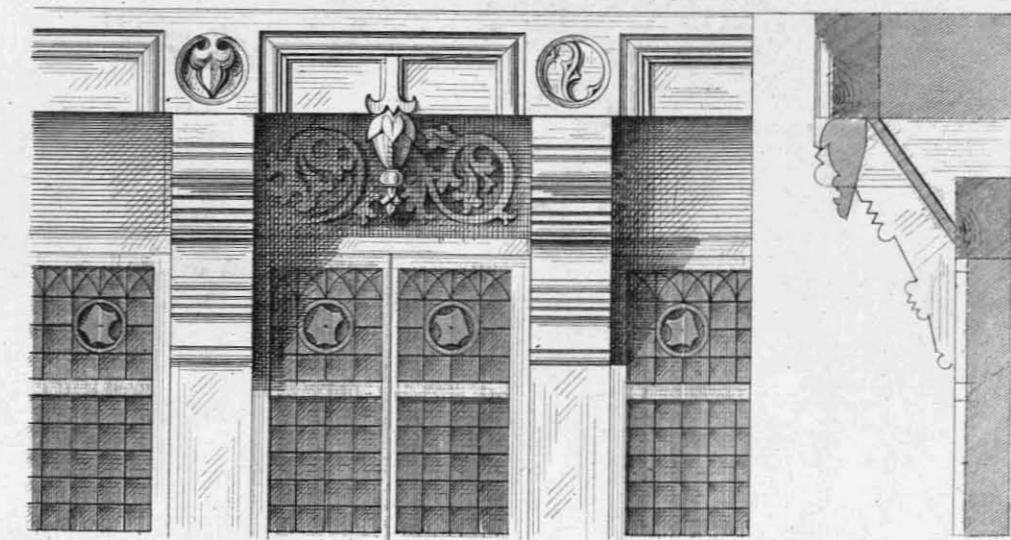


Fig.13. Etagengebälk aus Gaslar.



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Tragengebälk aus dem Anfang des XI. Jahrh.

Blatt VIII.

Fig.1. Tragengebälk aus Hildesheim.

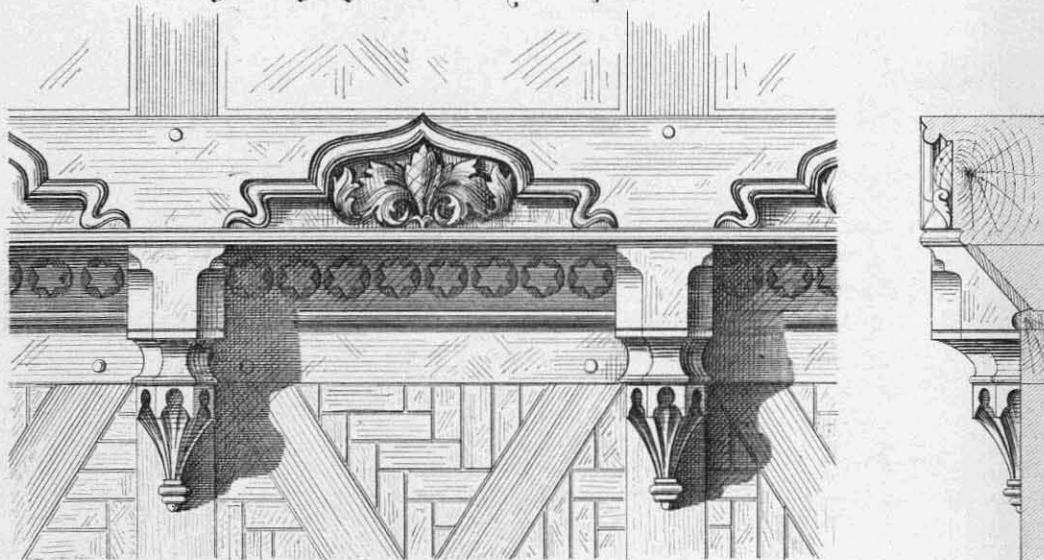


Fig.2. Saumschmelle aus Braunschweig. [1524]

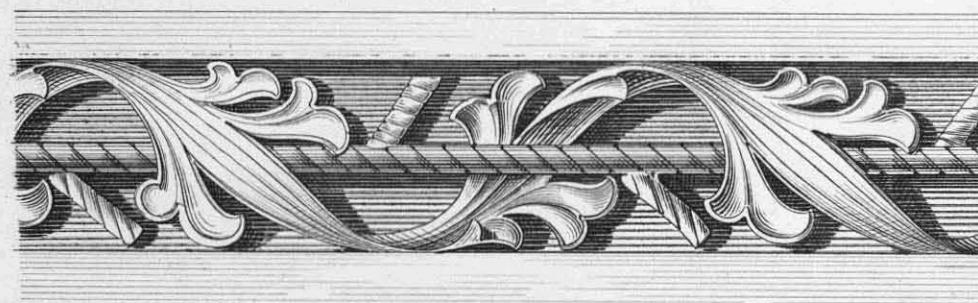
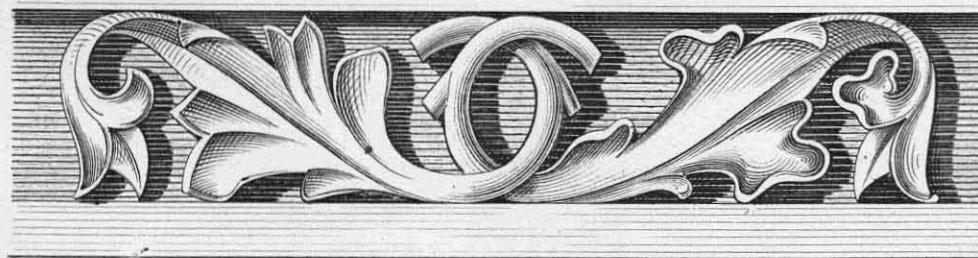


Fig.3. Saumschmelle aus Braunschweig. [1524]



Fig.4. Saumschmelle aus Braunschweig. [1524]



GW lith.

Fig.5. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig. [1517.]

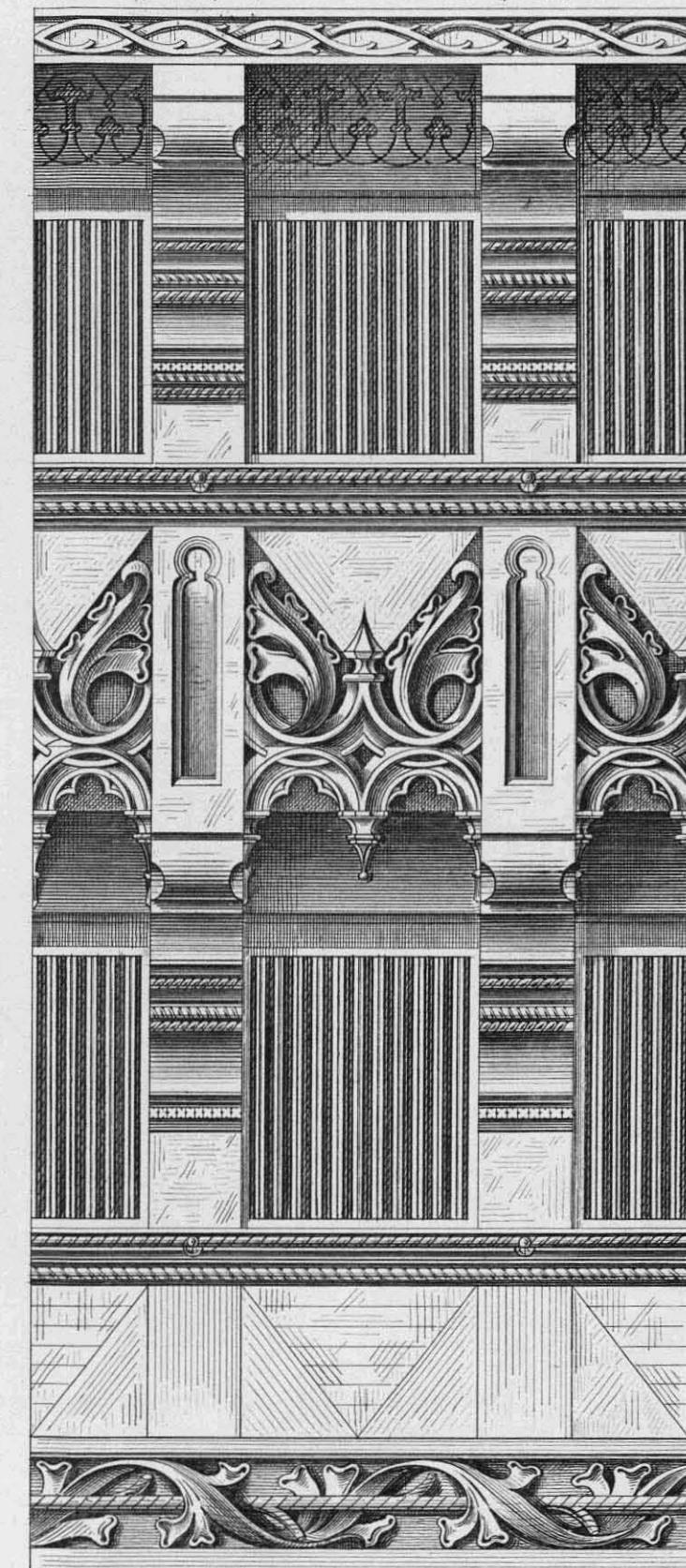


Fig.6 u. 7. Knaggen aus Braunschweig. [1517.]

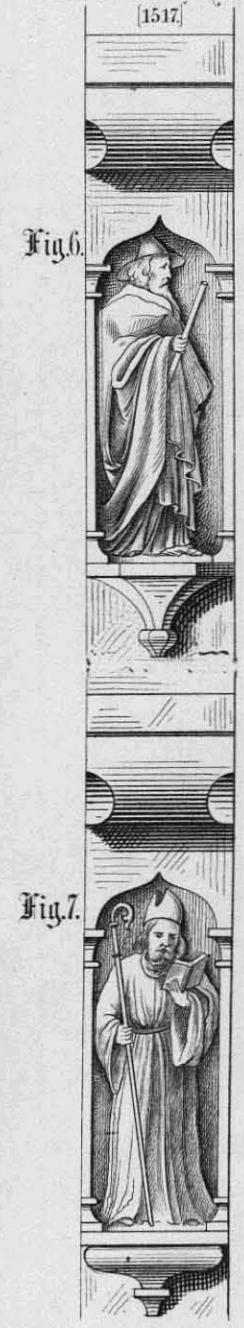


Fig.6.

Fig.7.

Fig.8.

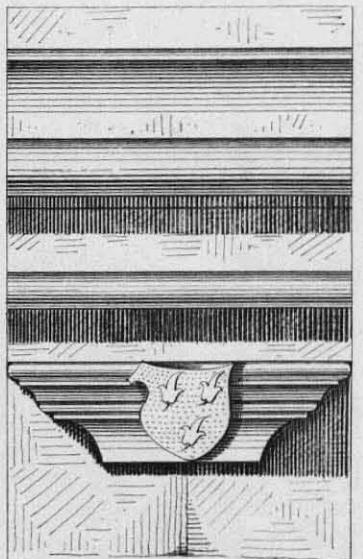


Fig.8 u. 9. Ausbildung eines Brandgiebels in Braunschweig. [1517.]

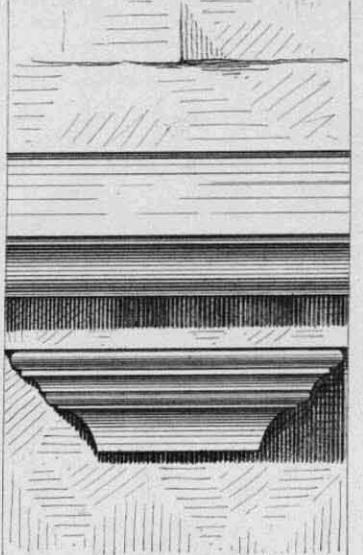


Fig.9.

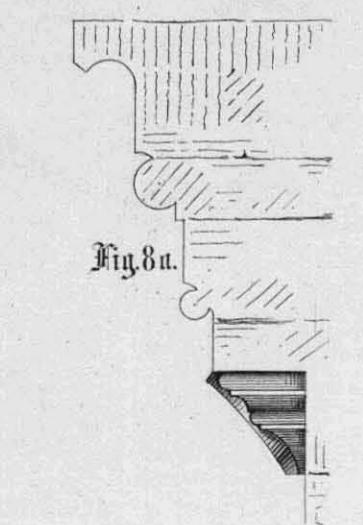


Fig.9 u.

Fig.8 u.

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Etagengebälke und Fachausmauerungen aus dem Anfang des XVI. Jahrh.

Blatt. IX.

Fig. 1.

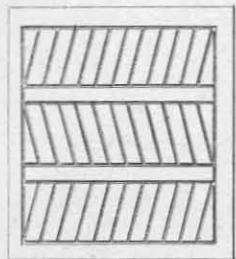


Fig. 2.

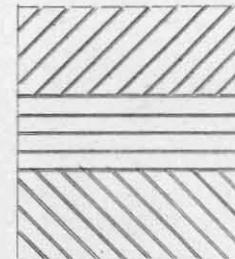


Fig. 5.

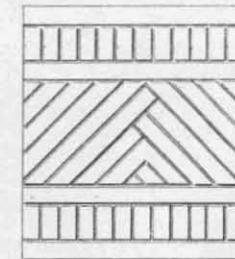


Fig. 26.

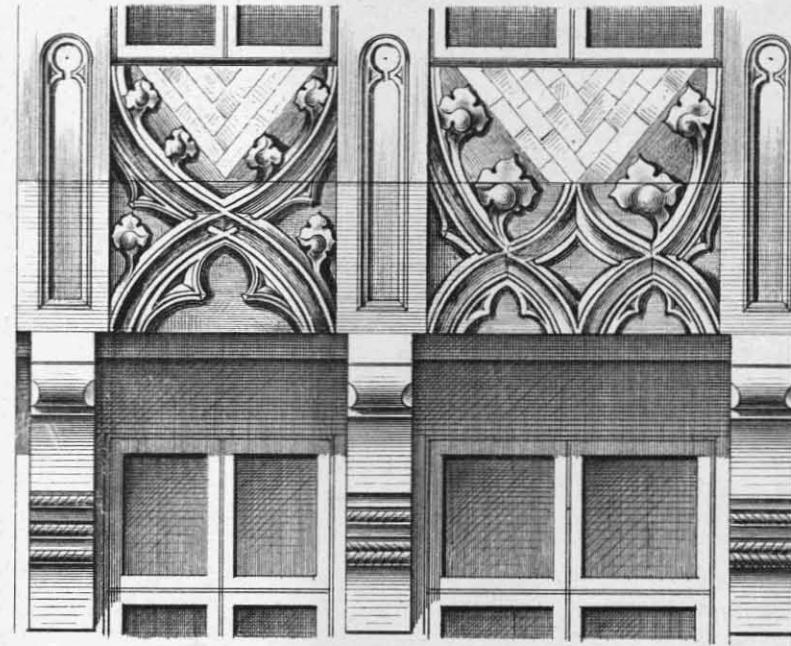


Fig. 7.

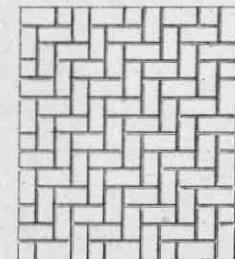


Fig. 8.

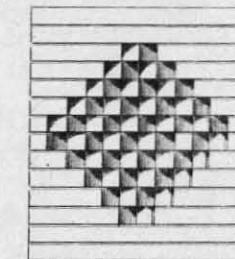


Fig. 9.

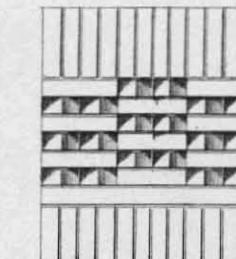


Fig. 4.

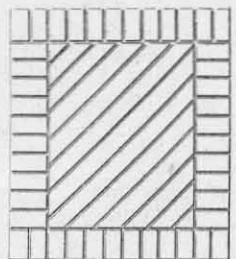


Fig. 5.

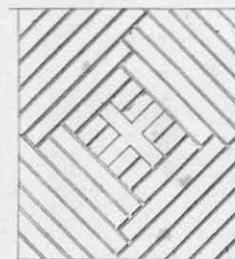


Fig. 6.



Fig. 22-24. Füllbretter aus Braunschweig.
Fig. 22. [1524]



Fig. 25. [1524]



Fig. 24.



Fig. 13.

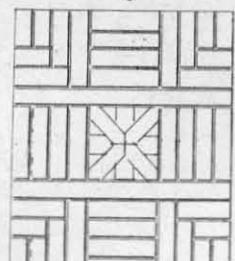


Fig. 14.

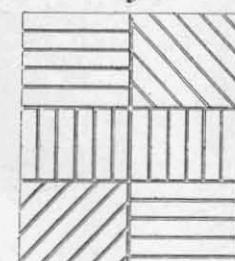


Fig. 15.

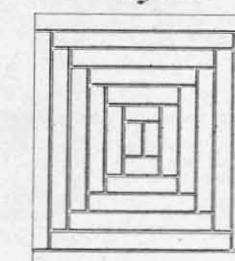


Fig. 1-21. Fachausmauerungen aus verschiedenen Städten.

Fig. 16.

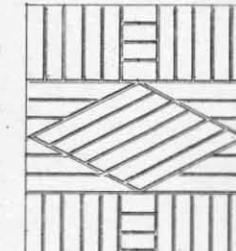


Fig. 17.

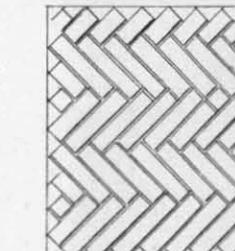


Fig. 18.

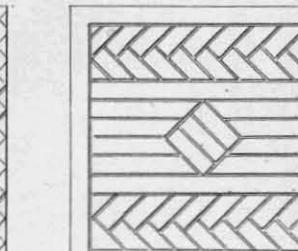


Fig. 19.

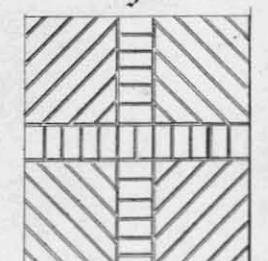


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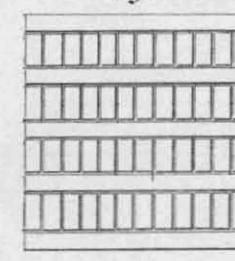
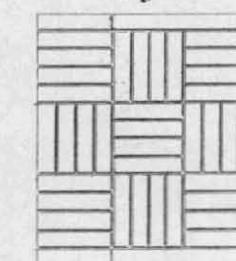


Fig. 21.



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Tragengebälk aus der Mitte bis zum Ende des XVI. Jahrh.

Blatt. X.

Fig. 1. Tragengebälk aus Höxter. [1565.]

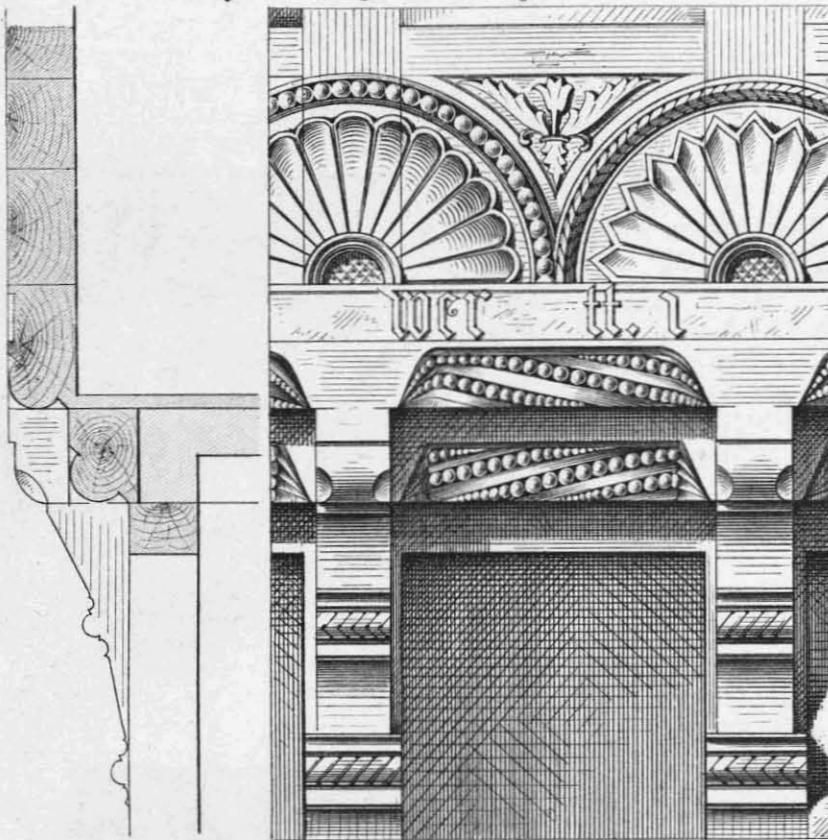


Fig. 2. Eckausbildung aus Höxter.

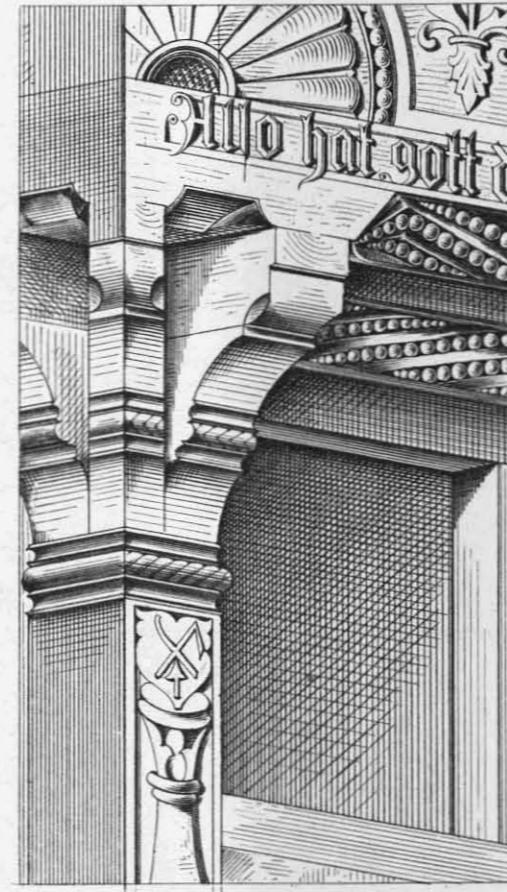


Fig. 3. Tragengebälk aus Höxter. [1569.]



Fig. 11.



Fig. 12 u. 15. Ausbildung eines Brandgiebels in Braunschweig. [1558.]



Fig. 9. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.



Fig. 12.



Fig. 15.

Fig. 8. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.

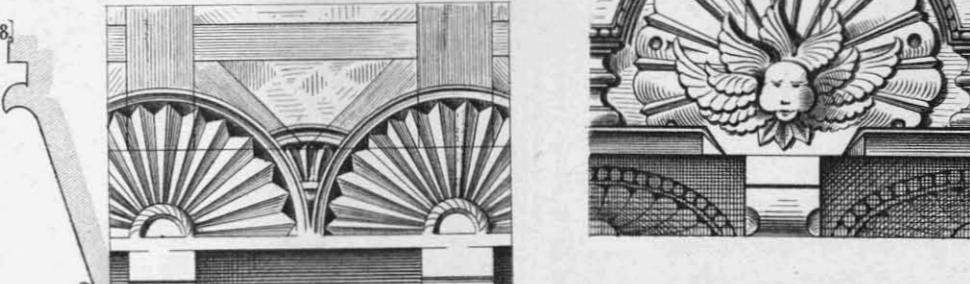


Fig. 4. Tragengebälk aus Braunschweig.



Fig. 5 u. 6.
Saumschwellen aus Braunschweig.
Fig. 5.

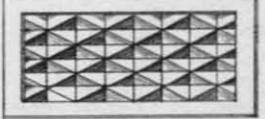


Fig. 7. Tragengebälk aus Hildesheim.

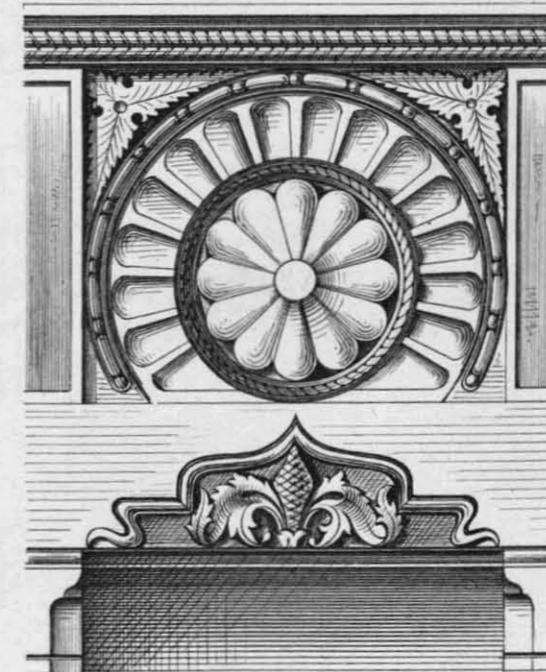
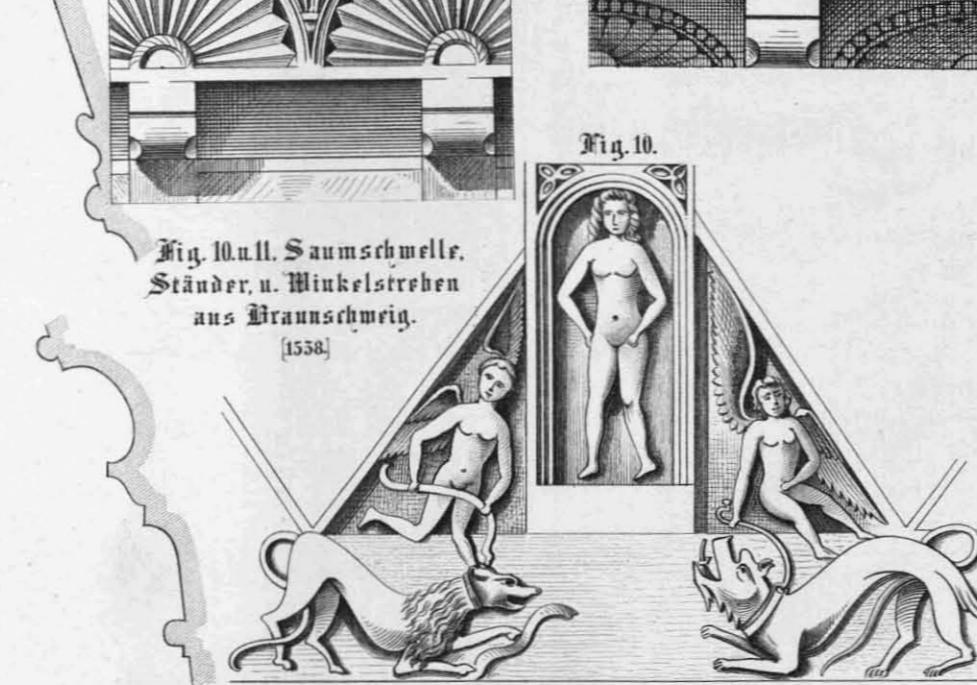


Fig. 10 u. 11. Saumschwellen, Ständer, u. Winkelstreben aus Braunschweig.
[1558.]



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitektur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Tragengehäle aus der Mitte bis zum Ende des XI. Jahrh.

Blatt XI.

Fig. 1.

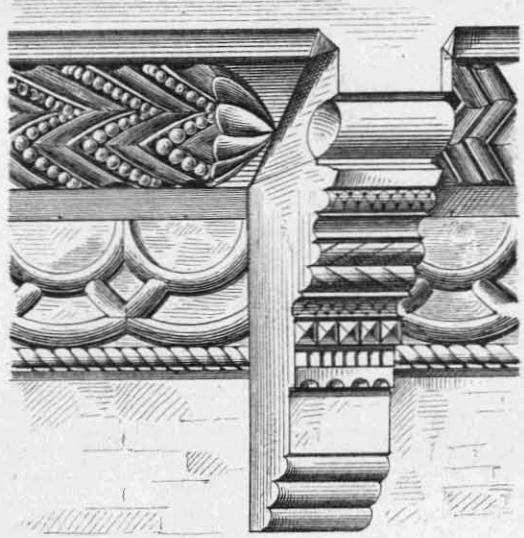


Fig. 2.

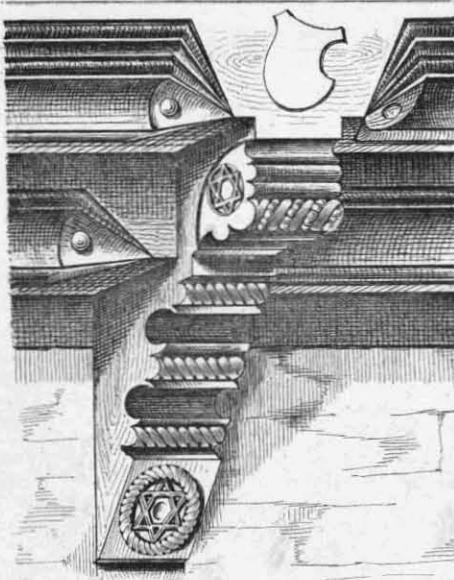


Fig. 3.

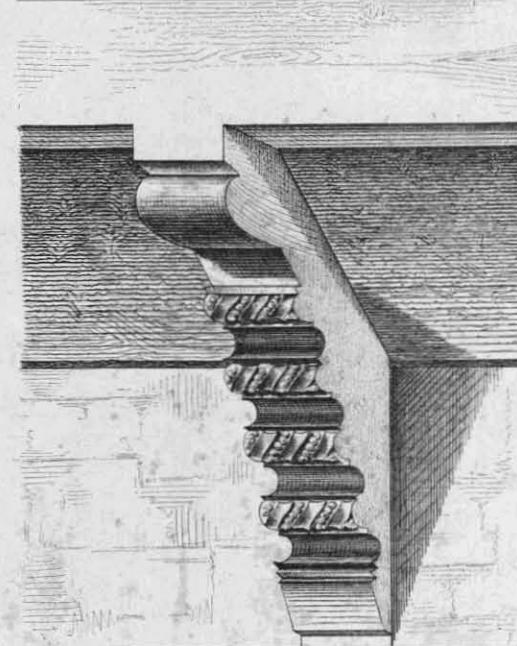


Fig. 4.

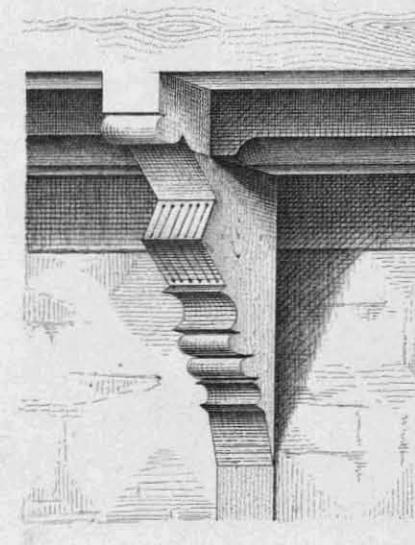
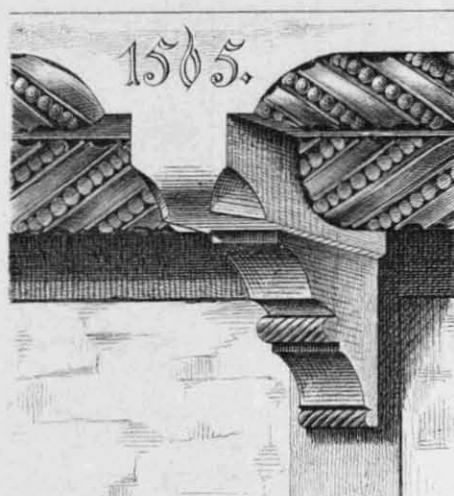
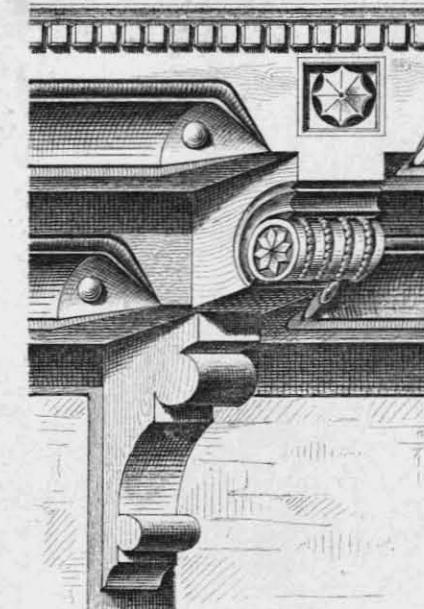
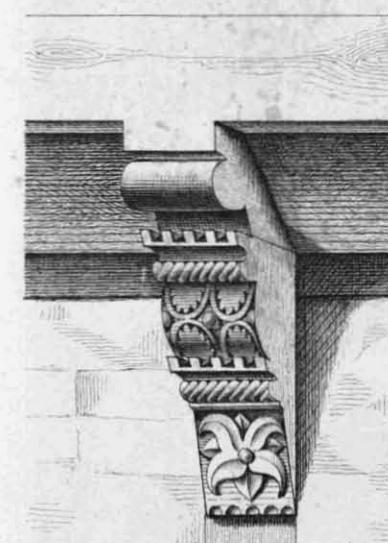
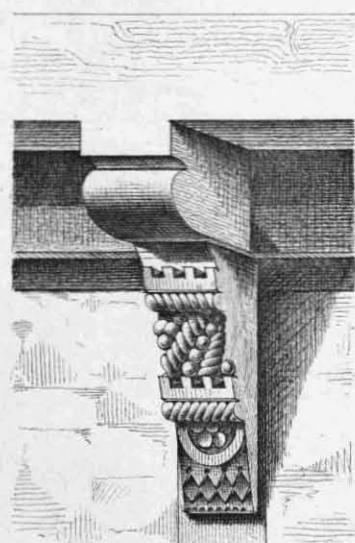
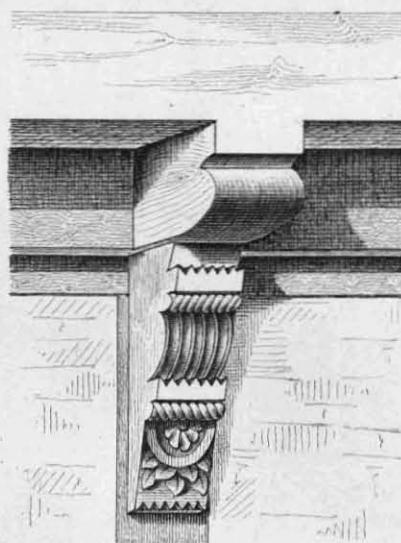
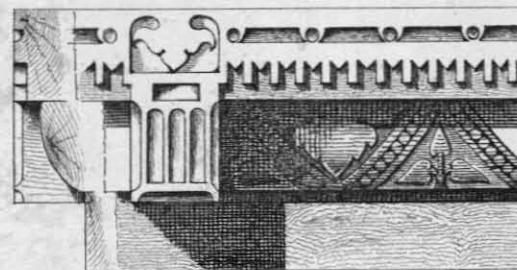
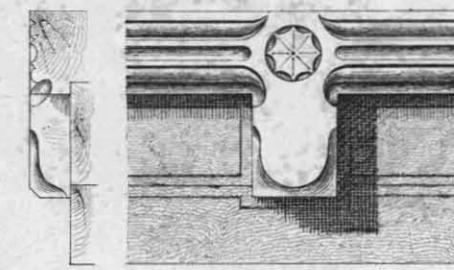
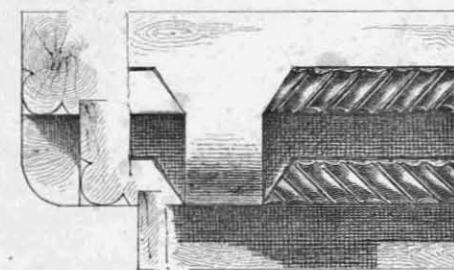
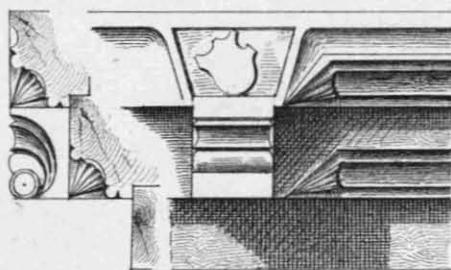
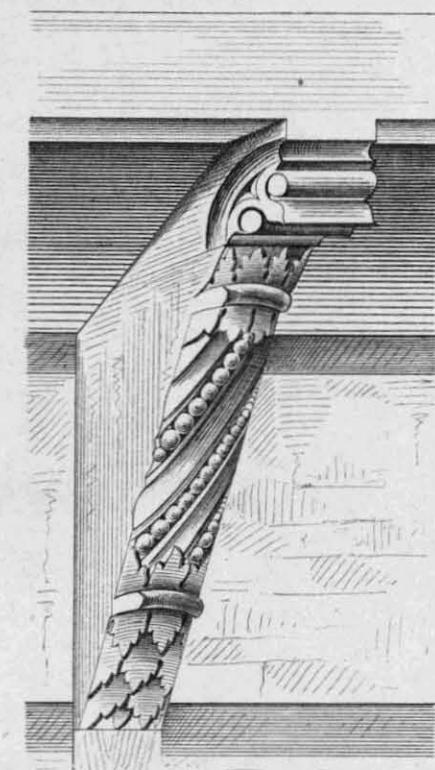


Fig. 5.



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Etagengebälke. Mitte des XVI bis Anfang des XVII Jahrh.

Blatt.XII.

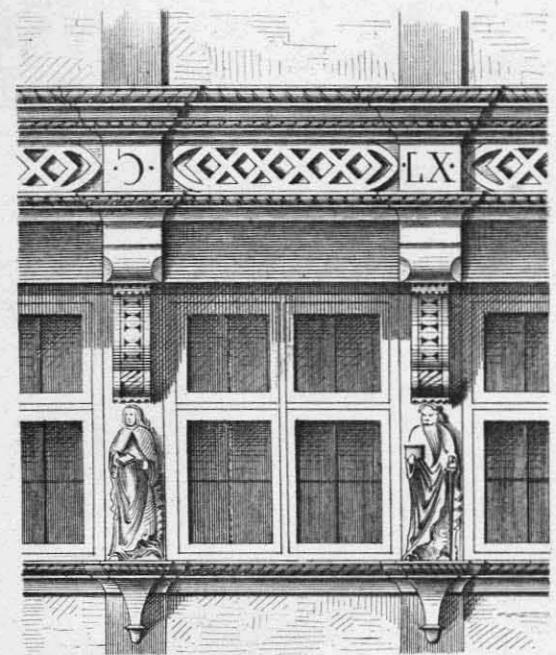


Fig. 1.
[1610]

Fig. 1, 2, 6 u. 7.
Etagengebälke aus
Braunschweig.

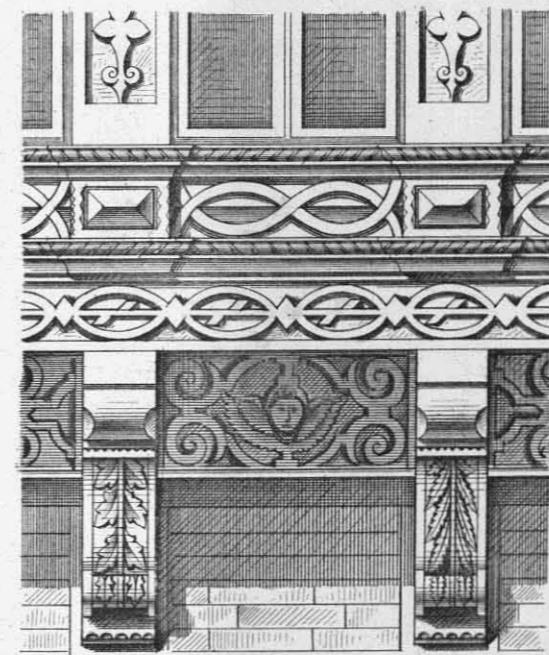


Fig. 2.

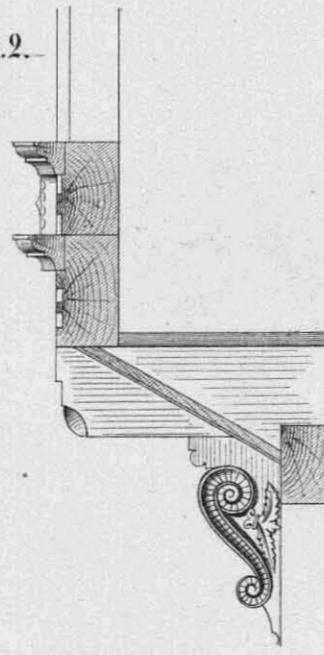


Fig. 5. Saumschwelle aus Braunschweig. [1558]



Fig. 6.

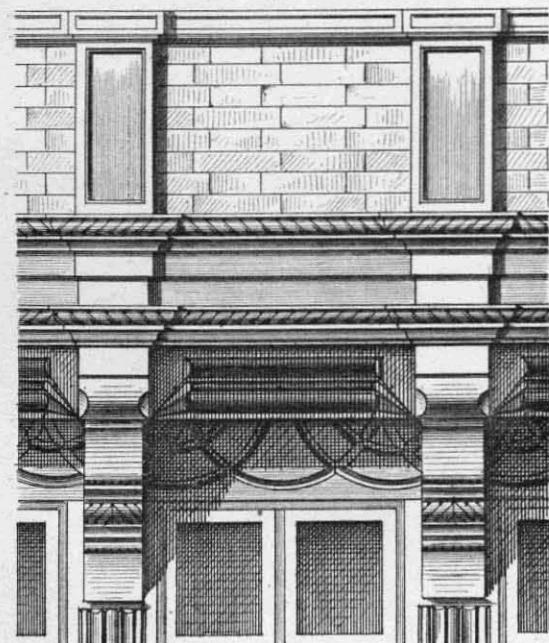


Fig. 7. [1567]

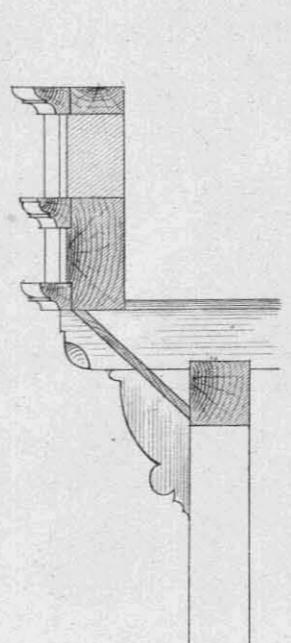
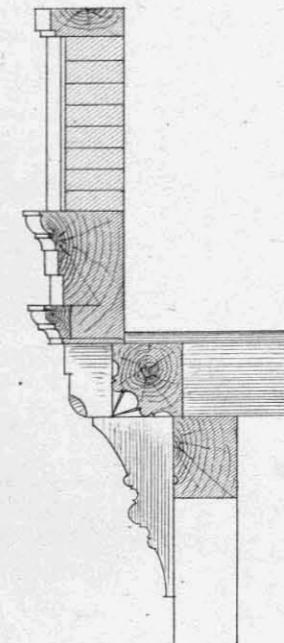


Fig. 5 u. 4. Etagengebälke aus Halberstadt. [1579]

Fig. 5.

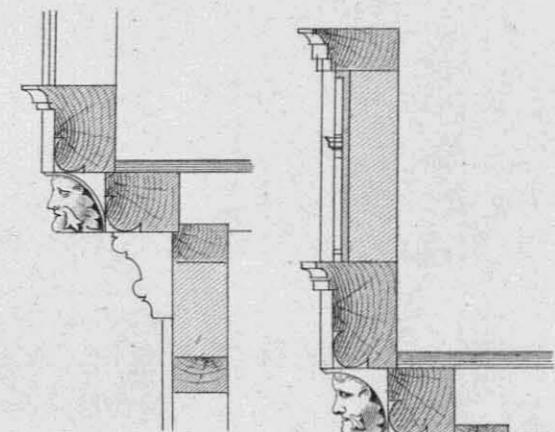
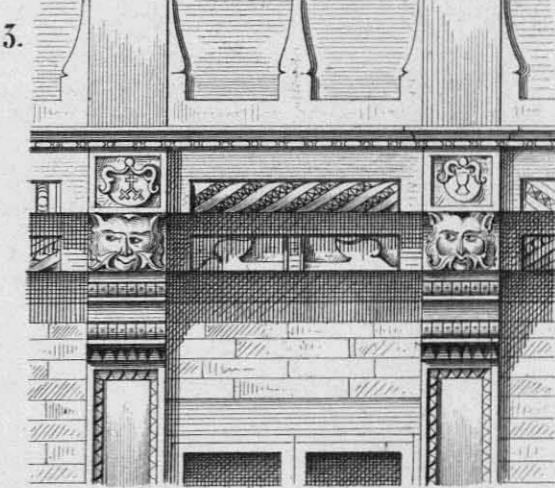
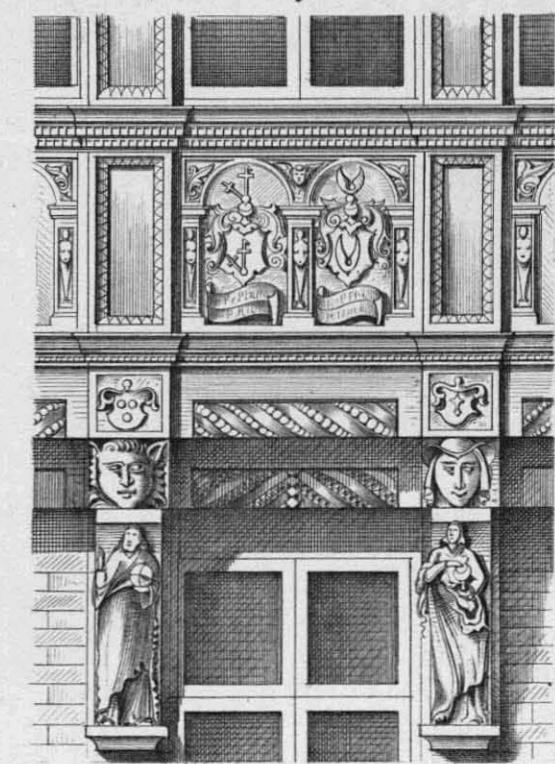


Fig. 4.



Mittelalterliche Holzarchitectur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen. (Westfalen).
Etagengebälke Anfang bis Mitte des XVII. Jahrh.

Blatt III.

Pilaster-Kapitäl.

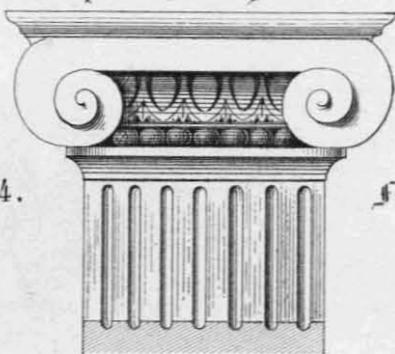


Fig. 7 u. 8.

Details zu Fig. 3 u. 4.

Fig. 7.

Füllung v. d. unt. Schwelle.



Fig. 8.

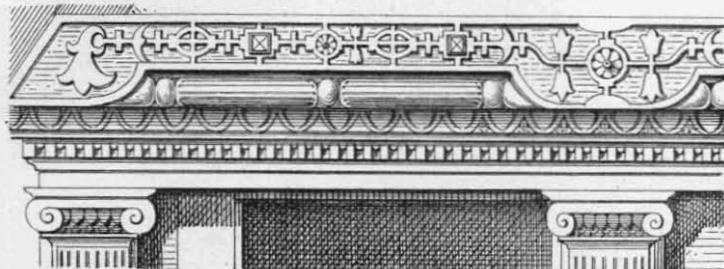


Fig. 3 u. 4. Etagengebälke aus Höxter.
(1642)

Fig. 4.

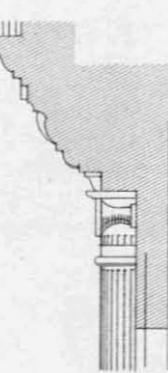
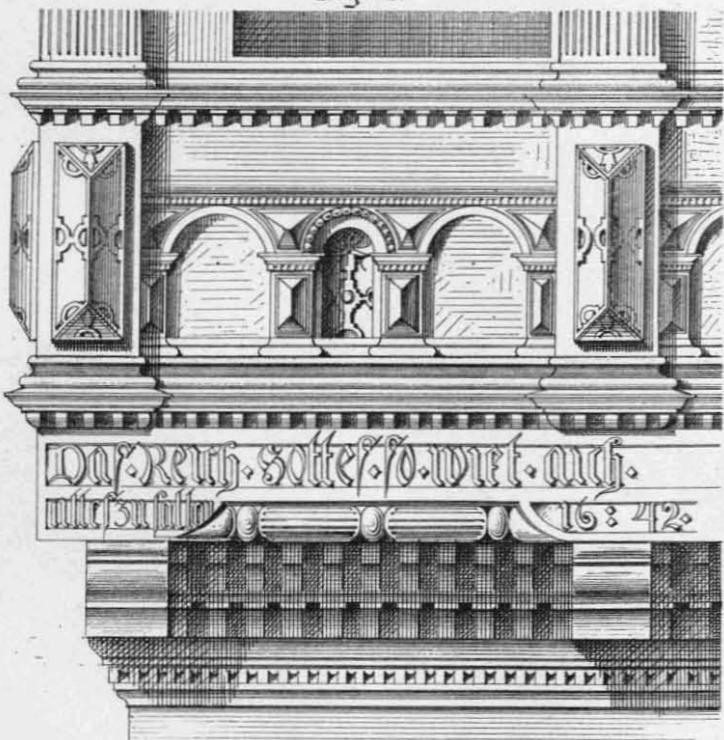


Fig. 1.

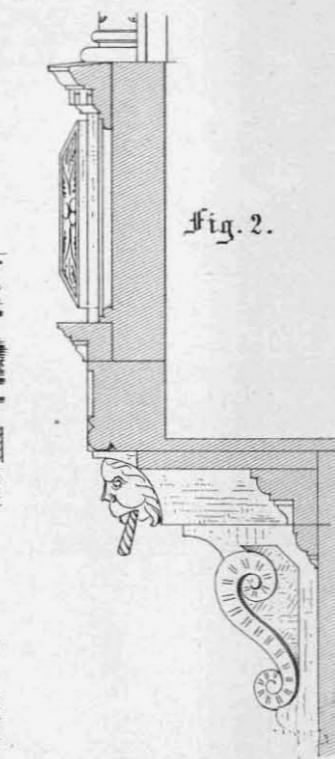


Fig. 2.

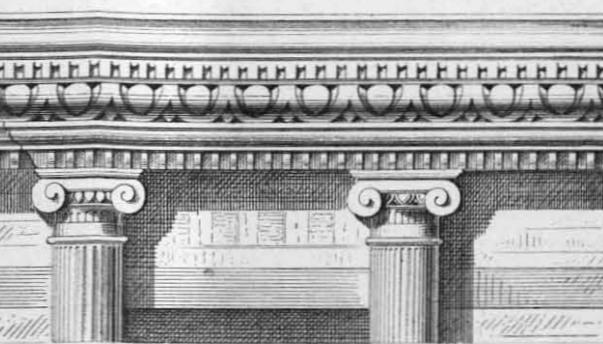


Fig. 1 u. 2. Etagengebälke aus Höxter.

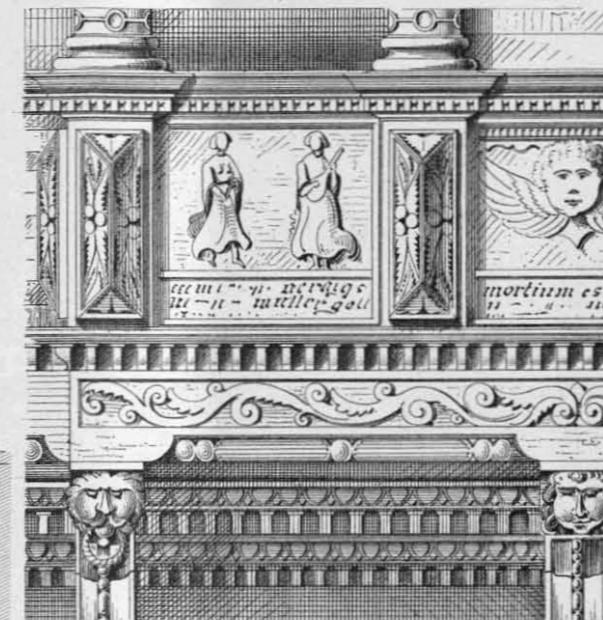


Fig. 9.

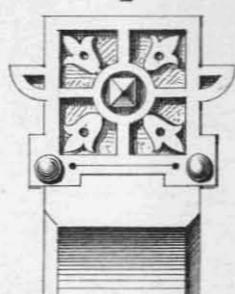


Fig. 10.

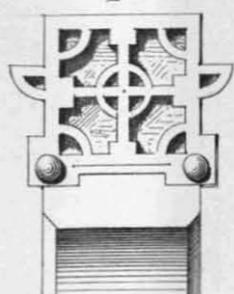


Fig. 11.



Fig. 12.

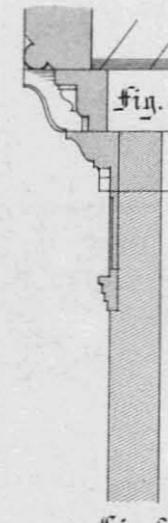
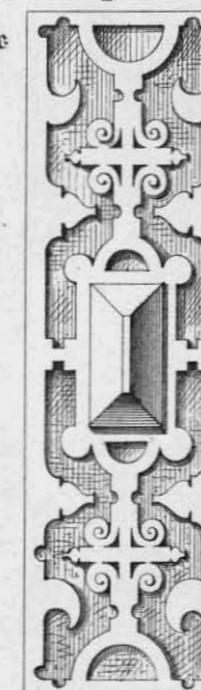


Fig. 5 u. 6. Etagengebälke aus Bevern (1612).

Fig. 6.

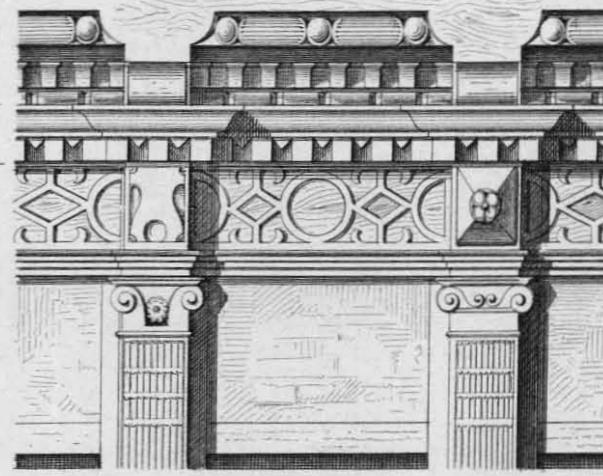


Fig. 6.

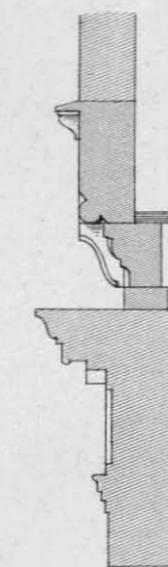
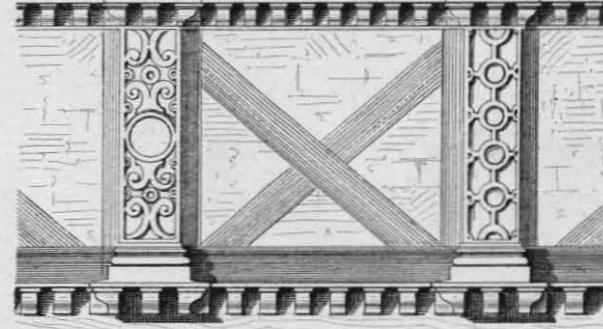


Fig. 13.

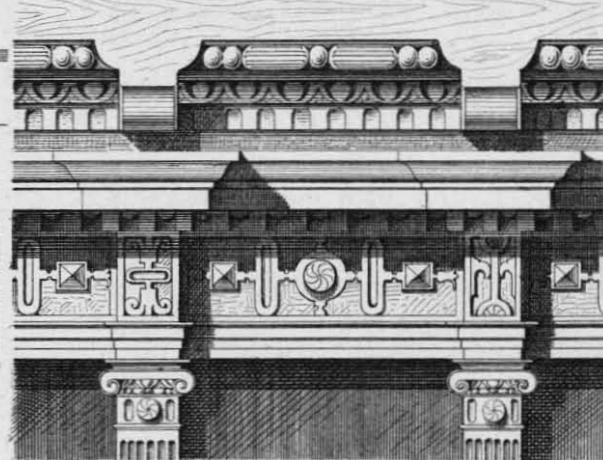


Fig. 14.

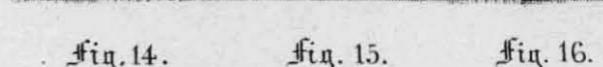


Fig. 15.



Fig. 16.

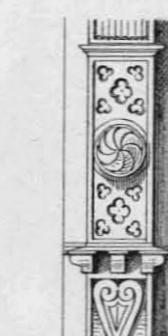


Fig. 13.

Fig. 14.

Fig. 15.

Fig. 16.

Mittelalterliche Holzarchitektur im ehemaligen Niedersachsen.

Etagengebälke Ende des XV. bis Mitte des XVI. Jahrh.

Platt XIV.

Etagengebälke aus Höxter (1587).

Fig. 1.

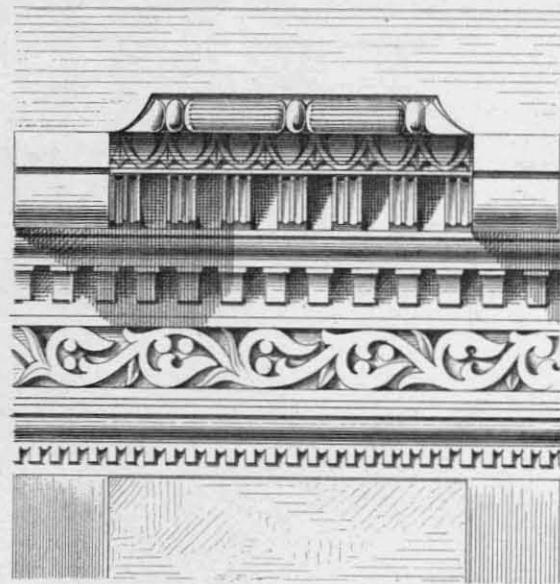
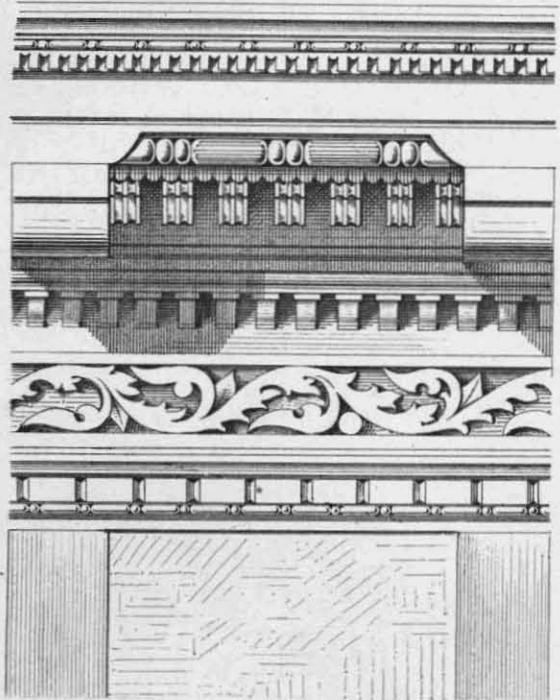
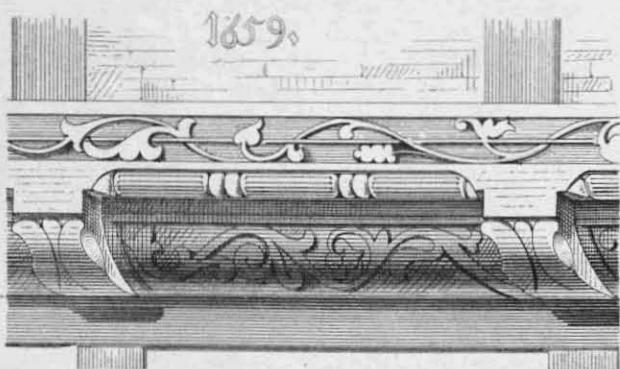


Fig. 2.



1559.

Fig. 12.



Etagengebälke aus Polle (1600).

Fig. 3.

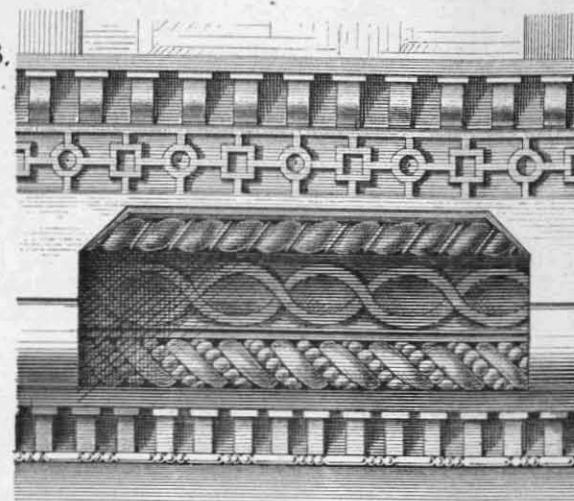


Fig. 8.

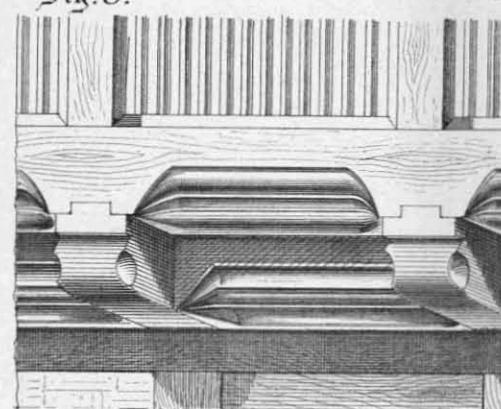


Fig. 9.

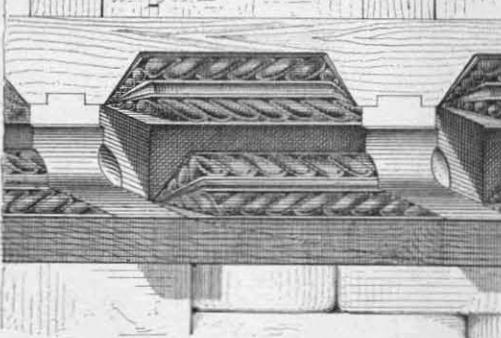


Fig. 13.

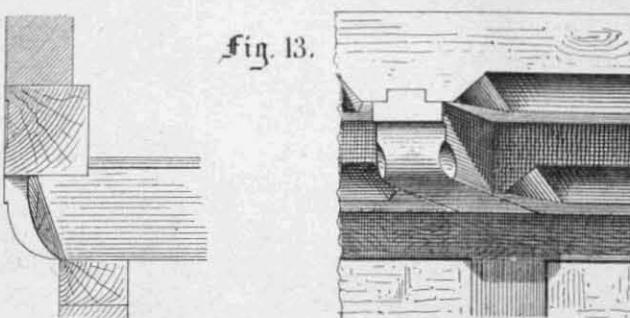


Fig. 4.

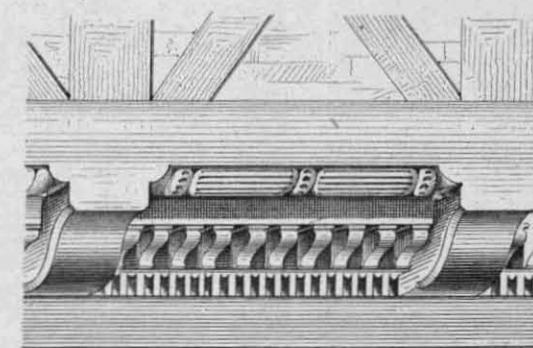
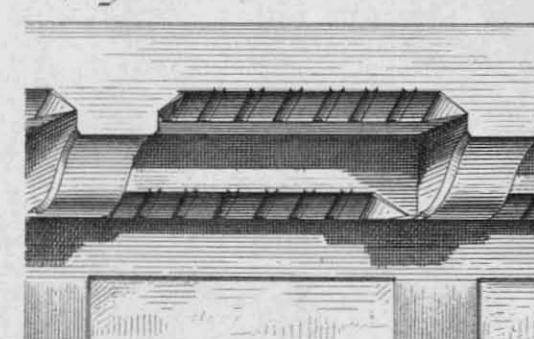


Fig. 6.



1611.

Fig. 10.

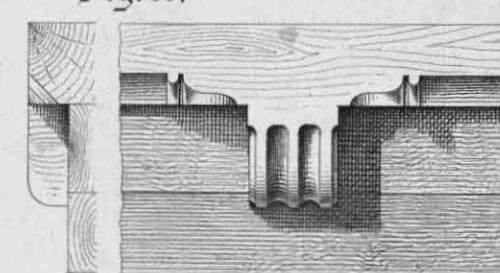


Fig. 14.

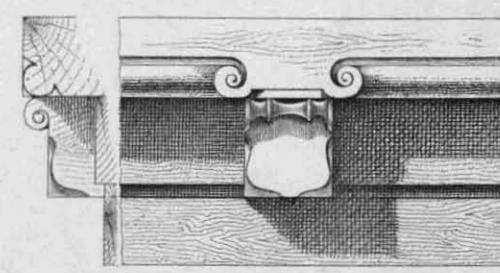


Fig. 5.

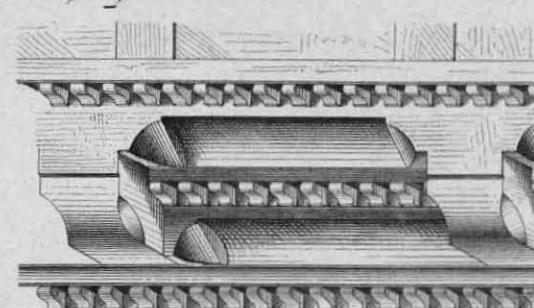


Fig. 1-6 8-13.

Etagengebälke aus Holzminden u. Bevern.

Fig. 7.

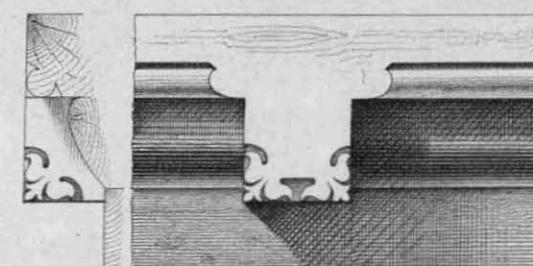


Fig. 11.

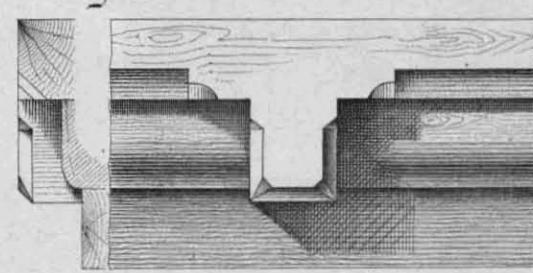


Fig. 15.

